The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY AUGUST 24, 1899. XXXVIII—NO. 23

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon, Ohio, J. H. Hunt, President, H. L. McLain, Cashier.

HARDWARE.

A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

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Some time twixt spring and the wane of the year, you should avail yourself of nature's bounteous and soothing passageway between Cleveland and Buffalo. Go often. Be continuously merry.

The great chain of unsalted seas present as pretty a water-color picture as you could desire to brush against. The humdrum monotony of every day life becomes but a fleeting remembrance, care and ennui give way to the restful delights of the present, and you get your money's worth.

We have a fleet of powerful, commodious and magnificently appointed steamers, which ply between the cities of Cleveland and Buffalo nightly, and Cleveland and Toledo each day.

The Cleveland & Buffalo Transit Company, Cleveland, O.

$31.50 Colorado and Return.

Chicago & North-Western Railway, September 5, 6 and 7: $31.50 from Chicago to Denver, Pueblo and Colorado Springs and return, good to return until September 30, 1899. The "Colorado Special" leaves Chicago 10 a. m., daily, arrives Denver at 2:55 next day and Colorado Springs same evening, only one night en route. All meals in dining cars. Pacific Express leaves Chicago at 10:30 p. m., daily, arrives Denver and Colorado Springs the second morning, no change of cars on either train. For particulars apply to agents of connecting lines or D. W. Aldridge, 127 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.

Keep Cool by Taking a Lake Trip.

Visit picturesque Mackinac, the island of cool breezes, or the 30,000 islands, the Georgian Bay route. Travel via D. & C., the coast line to the Northern summer resorts. Send two cents for illustrated pamphlets. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease in Your Gloves

A lady writes: "I shake Allen's Foot-Ease into my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most dainty toilet powder." Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes easy. Always use it to break in new shoes. It keeps the feet cool and comfortable. We invite the attention of physicians and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot-Ease. All drug and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25c a bottle.

B & B

For School Dresses.

Odd lots 75c to $1.00 Dress Goods 35c a yard—imported suitings among them.

Odd lots 25 to 35c Dress Goods and wool Suitings,

10 and 15c a yard.

Lot double width DressGoods 5c a yard.

New season's Dress Goods beginning to arrive now—and there must be plenty of room made for them double quick. So we're hurrying out all the broken and surplus lines, prices, as above, that will make them go, and give any number of people who are planning for girls' fall school wear, and for skirts and splendid every day gowns,

Good Goods at throw-away Prices.

Styles and qualities that all who get samples and see will say is a decidedly new experience to get for such little money.

Handling odd lots of fine silks just as vigorously. Rich Fancy Taffetas 50c yard that will be proof thereof.

Lot of choice wash goods 5c yard—good styles, useful the year 'round

Send for samples.

BOGGS & BUHL,

DEPARTMENT X.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

MAY ARREST MERCIER.

Labori Has the General In a Tight Place.

VIOLATION OF LAW DEVELOPED.

Violation of Law Developed—Dreyfus' Attorney Made It Warm For Some of the Witnesses—The Prisoner Himself Presented Counter Facts and Arguments.

RENNES, Aug. 23.—The third session of the third week of the second trial by courtmartial of Captain Alfred Dreyfus, on charge of treason, began at the Lycee at 6:30 this morning.

Maitre Labori and Madame Labori were present.

The session opened with the testimony of minor witnesses, Roy and Dreviell. The latter deposed that Dreyfus, while with the general staff, could have access to documents unperceived during certain hours of the day.

Captain Dreyfus, replying, admitted that he was present during those hours, but explained that his presence was connected with his duties.

RENNES, Aug. 23.—Labori, during the Dreyfus trial, cornered General Mercier on the Schneider letter, which the latter had used in evidence and which Colonel Schneider had repudiated as a forgery. The general was surprised when Labori suddenly demanded that Mercier be recalled. Evidently he hoped the tribunal would support him in refusing to explain how he got a copy of a letter which was of later date than his incumbency at the ministry of war.

But Labori was not to be denied. He insisted that Mercier should give some explanation. Then, after hesitating, Mercier declared that he would assume all the responsibility attaching to his possession of the document. This, as Labori intended it should be, was a demonstration of communication by the general staff of part at least of the secret dossier to an ordinary soldier, such as Mercier became immediately on leaving the ministry of war.

As the result of this admission, and with the additional charge of communicating secret documents to the courtmartial of 1894, Mercier is liable to arrest at any moment. Indeed, some people think it not impossible that he will be lying in the military prison adjoining the cell of Captain Dreyfus before the week is out.

Dreyfus, during the session, replied to the statements of hostile witnesses with arguments and the presentation of counter facts, only once giving way to his feelings and offering a cry of protest. This was at the conclusion of Colonel Bertin's deposition, when, with broken voice, the accused declared his love of France and the army.

"Yes," he cried, "I love France and I love my country, but it is with sentiments different from those animating them who come here today to testify against me."

M. Labori, if anything, was better after his exertions than before them. The excitement under which he labored seemed to act as a stimulant, although many friends, noticing his flushed face, feared there might be a relapse. So far from this being the case, however, he was able to go for a drive with his wife in an autocar.

M. Labori's return to the Dreyfus trial by courtmartial brought on a demonstration by the audience. Among those who congratulated him were Generals Mercier and Billot, Colonel Jouaust, judge of the courtmartial, made a speech to which M. Labori replied. Dreyfus shook hands with Labori, showing great pleasure.

The first witness was M. Grenier, the former prefect of Belfort. He told of some things regarding Esterhazy, some favorable and others not. Esterhazy tried to get into the ministry of war, saying it was necessary, to enable him to pass for lieutenant colonel.

Colonel Jouaust—Did Esterhazy tell you he believed in the innocence of Dreyfus?

The witness could not reply definitely to this question. He said his recollections were not sufficiently exact. He fancied Esterhazy had said so, but he could not swear to it.

Lieutenant Colonel Rollin of the intelligence department was the next witness. He described the spy Lajoux, employed in the department, as a "bad spy," whom it was found necessary to suppress.

M. Labori asked the witness whether he knew Lajoux had offered to make revelations in the Dreyfus affair, and the witness replied that Lajoux wrote to the minister of war asking for assistance and referring to the Dreyfus case.

The clerk of the court read a letter, in which, after dwelling upon his services, Lajoux said it was in consequence of Henry's exactions that the spy Cuers had become an enemy instead of ally. He also described a conversation with Cuers, in which Cuers declared Dreyfus had never been heard of at army headquarters in Berlin, and that on the news of the arrest of Dreyfus, General Count von Waldersee summoned all the German military attaches in Europe to Berlin and then unanimously declared that not one of them had ever relations with Dreyfus. Cuers added that he himself had never head of Dreyfus.

A series of questions was put by M. Labori concerned Lajoux, who was packed off to South America. The witness said he was suppressed because he proved a swindler.

Labori asked how it was, if that were so, that Lajoux was still receiving monthly payments.

Commandant Rollin was completely taken aback and replied that it was because of previous services.

The impression conveyed by Labori's questions and the replies given was that Lajoux was being paid by the war office to keep out of the way in the interest of Esterhazy.

Then M. Labori asked if the witness assumed responsibility for the report of Nov. 30, 1897, which was attributed to a foreign military attache.

The government commissary, Major Carriere, protested against this question, saying it referred to affairs of state and should not be answered except behind closed doors.

M. Labori pointed out that he had not named anybody, and Lieutenant Colonel Rollin replied that he had no knowledge regarding the translation of the document in question.

At this M. Labori called the attention of witness to the cautious nature of his reply and asked him how the document came into the possession of General Mercier. General Mercier thought the witness was not justified in answering. But, in reply to further queries, Mercier declared he took the full responsibility for the translation submitted to the court.

Thereupon M. Labori pointed out that when the document was produced General Mercier was no longer minister of war, and asked what right, then, had he to have in his possession a document which was a state secret?

General Mercier did not reply.

Counsel then asked what right had General Mercier to retain possession of all the documents in the secret dossier.

General Mercier was silent.

M. Labori—I am asking for the official responsibility, and I make note of the fact that it is refused. I will reserve the right to take all the measures which I think proper. [Sensation.]

Counsel added that he would later ask Colonel Jouaust to recall General Mercier and would put numerous questions to him, to which, however, counsel added, he could foresee the general would refuse to reply. [Prolonged sensation.]

Dreyfus made a statement regarding a passage of Rolliu's evidence referring to the searches made in his (Dreyfus') residence in 1894. "Everything," said the prisoner, "was seized without exception."

Colonel Jouaust—Some of the pages were missing of your notes taken at the lectures given by the military college?" That has been the subject of remark.

Dreyfus—No, my colonel, not in 1894. [Sensation.]

A former secretary of the war office, named Ferret, next testified to seeing Dreyfus prying into other officers' work during their absence, and the prisoner replied excitedly, that Ferret's statements were concoctions by a former minister of war, which caused a sensation. Then, in a cooler manner, the prisoner made a statement explaining the difficulties in the way of a civilian, such as Ferret, entering the offices of the general staff.

General Gouse thereupon presented two letters to the effect that the writers, both of whom were civilians, obtained easy admittance to the offices.

Dreyfus retorted that the regulations were very strict in this respect and that, therefore, some persons were guilty of gross breach of discipline, and M. Demange scored by adding that if entry in these offices was so easy, why anybody could procure the information Dreyfus was alleged to have obtained so surreptitiously.

The next witness was Lieutenant Colonel Bertin, who was the head of Dreyfus' office in 1894. Some of his remarks, particularly his declaration that he was convinced of Dreyfus' guilt by M. Bertillon's chart, elicited general smiles in court.

He spoke of his interviews with M. Scheurer-Kestner, whose efforts in part brought about the Dreyfus revision. Here a letter was read from Scheurer-Kestner, saying he could not be present. He spoke of his investigations and how it was only when Esterhazy's handwriting was shown him that his hesitation ended. He dwelt on the opinion expressed in the judgment of the court of cassation and the confessions of Esterhazy that he was the writer of the bordereau.

Bertin, during his testimony, accused Dreyfus of doing poor work, negligence, etc.

A number of official reports were read unanimously recognizing Dreyfus as a brilliant officer who was anxious to succeed. The reports of the headquarter's staff alone cast imputations upon the prisoner's character.

After a recess Major Gendron was called to testify regarding the Austrian woman, Madame Delye. He heard that she had fine acquaintances, including Dreyfus, and, in view of the fact that in such companionship Dreyfus was liable to commit some imprudent action, witness informed Lieutenant Colonel Bertin of his fears.

Major Besse, Captain Boullenger, Colonel Jeannel and Major Masitre all testified. In the main their evidence was uninteresting and largely surmise or hearsay, but it was distinctly biased and intended to bolster up the assertions of the generals.

Colonel Jeannel, during his cross-examination, threw some light upon the question of the firing manual which, he said, he lent Dreyfus in 1894.

M. Demange wanted to know the exact date and Colonel Jeannel said he believed it was in July, adding, "in 1894." That would have been a point calculated to weaken the proofs against Dreyfus, counsel pointing out that Col. Jeannel was not examined in 1894 and asking the cause of this irregularity. The date of the bordereau was given as April of that year, or before Colonel Jeannel lent the firing manual. The prisoner said that in 1894 he insisted at both the preliminary examinations and at the courtmartial that Colonel Jeannel should be examined.

"I obtained no satisfaction," Dreyfus added, "i was, however, sure of my facts. Colonel Jeannel's memory must be playing him false. Perhaps the confusion arises from the fact that I asked him to lend me the German firing manual.

Colonel Jouaust—Do you remember that, Colonel Jeannel?

Jeannel—No.

M. Labori expressed surprise that it was not thought necessary in 1894 to examine a witness who today out of "pure caprice for the convenience of the prosecution" had become an excellent witness.

The court, counsel added, would deduct its own opinion.

A part of Captain Maistre's evidence proved to be in favor of Dreyfus. In contradiction of other witnesses who declared Dreyfus frequently stayed late at the office prying into other officers' duties, Captain Maistre declared that Dreyfus was disinclined to work and often left the offices before the regular time.

MAY HOLD OFF WAR.

Conciliatory Talk Comes From the Transvaal.

CHANCE FOR A MODUS VIVENDI.

Alternative Proposals of Boer Officials Believed May Admit of Such an Arrangement—England Accused Transvaal of Juggling With Treaty of 1894.

PRETORIA, Aug. 23.—It is ascertained on the highest authority that no definite reply has been sent to the proposal of the British secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, to submit to a joint commission of inquiry the effect upon the Outlanders of the recent franchise reforms. The precise situation is that, as a result of the pour parlers, a communication was dispatched to Sir Alfred Milner, British high commissioner in South Africa and governor of Cape Colony, which embodies certain alternative proposals.

For various reasons these are kept strictly confidential, but it is believed that they will admit of the conclusion of a modus vivendi.

It is understood, from unofficial sources of information, that the alternative proposals of the Transvaal government are for a five years' franchise and a one-fifth representation of the Outlanders in the first raad, provided the imperial government does not further interfere in the internal affairs of the Transvaal.

Official circles regarded the situation as tending to improve.

The war ammunition consigned to the South African republic was still detained by the Portuguese authorities in Delagoa bay.

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 23.—The field cornets were busy distributing Mausers and ammunition to the burghers. The exodus of miners continued.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A parliamentary paper dealing with the Transvaal crisis was issued here. It details the efforts of the Boer government during the past year to have the question of the suzerainty of Great Britain submitted to arbitration and Great Britain's repeated refusals to discuss this basic point. The document adds that Sir Alfred Milner, the governor of Cape Colony, and high commissioner of South Africa, writing to Mr. Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies last June, said: "The way in which the secretary of state juggles with the convention of 1884 is rather irritating to a plain man."

The final dispatch from Mr. Chamberlain, dated July 13, 1899, to Sir Alfred Milner, concurs with the latter's view as to the untenable Transvaal contention, adding that the British government had no intention to continue to discuss the question of suzerainty with the Transvaal.

ANOTHER ATTACK ON OTIS.

Correspondent Says He Magnifies American Operations In Censored Dispatches—Rebels Show Pluck.

MANILA, Aug. 19, via Hongkong, Aug. 23.—The rebels, after giving up San Fernando with a feeble struggle entrenched themselves at Angeles, working for several days and impressing non-combatants into the work, thus saving the armed men for the fighting. They engaged Lieutenant Colonel Smith's regiment and the artillery warmly for about four hours, making one of the most stubborn resistances of the campaign. But, the Americans are indebted to the usual poor marksmanship of the Filipinos as well as to their own strategy for their small losses.

In the province of Cavité, where it was supposed the rebels had been scattered and demoralized beyond recuperation, they have assembled an army of several thousand, distributed among the important towns from the lake to the bay.

After the San Fernando engagement the rebels attempted to deter the Americans from a further advance northward by menacing the railroad communications. They were driven off

In brushes between these Filipinos and the Americans during three days the Americans lost several men, while the Filipinos loss was heavy.

Of these operations The Associated Press correspondent was permitted to send only an inadequate dispatch dictated verbatim by Major General Otis. The censor writes stereotyped official phrases and adjectives into the dispatches, tending to magnify the American operations and to minimize the opposition. General Otis says newspapers are not public institutions, but private enterprises, and the correspondents are only here on sufferance.

All reports from the rebel territory agree that the scarcity of food is increasing and that the rebel commanders at Aparri and other points refuse to obey Aguinaldo's order in regard to closing the ports held by the rebels against American ships and say that any ship bringing stores will be welcomed. Several ships from Manila are now at such ports.

Hundreds of people come into Manila daily and return to the rebel lines with food and other commodities.

Much of this undoubtedly goes to aid the rebels, but the authorities permit this traffic from motives of charity toward the women and children, who are undoubtedly suffering.

General MacArthur is establishing municipal governments in the villages north of Manila.

The mayor of Baliaug, the first town where General Lawton established the same rule, who was supposed to be one of the most friendly and trustworthy of the natives, has been placed in jail charged with arranging with the rebels for an attack on the town.

To Be Operated by B. & O.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 23.—Beginning Sept. 1 the Baltimore and Ohio railroad will operate the West Virginia and Pittsburg railroad under a 999 years' lease. The jurisdiction of General Superintendent Fitzgerald will be extended over the West Virginia and Pittsburg.

STANDARD BACK OF IT.

Oil Trust Gobbling Up Pittsburg District Mines—Coal Combine Capital $64,000,000.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 22.—The Standard Oil company is back of the Pittsburg district coal trust. About six months ago, when the project was in its infancy, the operators solicited the aid of M. A. Hanna in securing necessary financial backing. Hanna left at once for New York, where he conferred with Moore & Schley, well known New York brokers. When Senator Hanna returned to Cleveland it was announced that Moore & Schley would back the project for any amount, they being prepared to buy all the mines in the district for cash, if necessary. The names of the persons back of Moore & Schley were kept a secret.

It has been learned that the Standard Oil company is the mysterious power behind the throne. Moore & Schley have represented the Standard Oil company in many mammoth transactions, being the representatives of John D. Rockefeller in private enterprises.

Whether or not the Standard Oil company is also back of the river mine trust is not known. Several local operators claim to have discovered the hand of the Standard Oil company in that combine also. If this is so the much-talked of consolidation of the two trusts is assured.

J. B. Nicholson, who is with the firm of George B. Hill & Co. of Pittsburg, is the agent of Moore & Schley. The coal men are represented by J. C. Dysert and Upson A. Andrews, both of Pittsburg. Options have been secured on all mines in the district with the exception of that of the Massillon Coal and Coke company, about 100 properties in all. These options are on cash contracts, but it is understood that the coal men will be given the preference in subscribing for the stock. The books will close this week, and it is said that the stock has been more than subscribed already. The capital of the company will be $64,000,000, one-half of which will be common stock.

TWO THIEVES KILLED.

Officers Shot Two Negroes From Springfield, O., Near Urbana, While Trying to Escape.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Aug. 23.—William Wetzel and Samuel Iseley, two colored men and stepbrothers, were surrounded and killed by officers near Urbana, who were trying to arrest them.

They had stolen some harness in Urbana and Officers C. L. Bower and F. M. Reifsnider, Marshal J. F. Heatherman and Charles Johnson, a brother of the mayor of that city, started in pursuit, overtaking them four miles out of the city. The thieves opened fire and the officers returned it, filling them with bullets, killing them while they were in their buggy. None of the officers were hurt. There is considerable excitement among the colored people.

THE UNION REFORM TICKET.

Ellis For Governor—Few Votes For Jones. Single Plank In Platform.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 23.—The Union Reform party nominated the following state ticket: Governor, Seth H. Ellis of Warren county; lieutenant governor, G. W. Seelye of Wayne; auditor, Frank S. Montgomery of Franklin; judge of supreme court, A. R. McIntire of Knox; attorney general, Thomas Bartham of Hamilton; board of public works, A. A. Weaver of Putnam.

The faction which favored the endorsement of Mayor Jones of Toledo for governor were in a hopeless minority. On the first ballot for governor Mayor Jones, whose name had been presented, received only 26 votes out of a total of 562.

The platform adopted contains but a single plank—"direct legislation under the system known as the initiative and referendum."

CONFESSED HE MADE EXPLOSIVES.

Cleveland Police Have a Bicycle Repairer Under Arrest.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 23.—C. E. Ward, a bicycle repairer, was arraigned in police court on the charge of meddling with street railroad property. His case was continued until Saturday.

Recently several boys were arrested on the charge of placing explosives on street railroad tracks. To the detectives they admitted that the explosive consisted of a mixture of sulphur and potash and that it had been prepared for them by Ward, who explained how it should be used. Ward is said to have confessed to the police that he mixed the explosive.

Daughters of America Council.

TIFFIN, Aug. 23.—Delegate of 14 states are here attending the national council, Daughters of America. Sessions are secret. The next place of meeting will be Charlotte, N. C. The next national councilor will be Thomas B. Ivey of Peterstown, Va., with John P. Townsend of Philadelphia as national vice councilor.

CRUISERS SALUTED DEWEY.

French Vice Admiral Showed Him Honor. Dewey Was Apparently In Good Health.

VILLEFRANCHE, France, Aug. 23.—Admiral Dewey received visits from Vice Admiral Bienaime, Henry Vignaud, the United States charge d'affairs at Paris, and the United States vice consul at Nice. Admiral Dewey is apparently in excellent health. He will stay in Nice for a week and will take part in as few functions as possible.

The French cruisers Admiral Charner, Davout and Friant, under command of Vice Admiral Bienaime, fired a salute in honor of Admiral Dewey.

Root Conferred With McKinley.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Secretary Root came here and conferred with the president.

THE TENTH ENROUTE.

Pennsylvania Heroes Left San Francisco.

GLAD TO GET STARTED HOME.

Special Messengers Going From Pittsburg to Induce Governors of Certain States to Help Welcome the Returned Soldiers—May Get Them to Come.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—The men of the Tenth Pennsylvania met at the ferryboat about 7:30 last night, their arrangement for departure being unofficial. About 9 o'clock the first section of the train started for the east. Their leavetaking of San Francisco was without special note, but the pleasure of the men at commencing the last stage in their homeward journey was very evident.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—Special messengers will urge Governor Asa B. Bushnell of Ohio, Governor Theodore Roosevelt of New York, Governor Foster M. Voorhees of New Jersey and Governor George W. Atkinson of West Virginia to come to Pittsburg to the Tenth reception.

Hawkins' Funeral Sept. 1.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Aug. 23.—It has been definitely decided that the funeral of the late Colonel Hawkins will be held next Friday, Sept. 1.

GALLANT SOLDIERS DEAD.

Lists Sent by Otis and Brooke—Names of Wounded Also Sent by the Latter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—General Otis reported by cable the following additional casualties in his command:

Killed—Near Angeles, Twelfth infantry, Aug. 16, Company C, Musician Edwin S. Boatwright; John P. Brooks; D, Edward E. Householder; 19th, I, First Lieutenant Alfred W. Drew.

Wounded—At San Fernando, hospital corps, Aug. 9, George W. Greenwell, head, moderate; Thirty-sixth infantry, K, John G. Tahl, foot, slight; Twenty-second infantry, near San Luis, 12th, D, James O'Connell, leg, slight; Twelfth infantry, near Angeles, 16th, First Lieutenant William H. Williams, eye, severe; B, Charles Knighton, arm, slight; C, Corporal Frank J. Raft, foot, slight; Henry Malcesus, elbow, severe; Fred P. Steiger, leg, moderate; D, Carl Hemmings, hand, severe; Jordan Rogers, leg, slight; Ansel F. Ware, arm, moderate; H, William L. Messienheimer, arm, moderate; M, Albert Irvin, abdomen, severe; Louis R. Stroup, forearm, slight; 18th, D, Musician Milton Roeder, leg, slight; E, Stephen Braddish, forearm, slight; 19th, H, First Lieutenant Willis Cline, neck, severe. At Bacolor, 16th, K, Quartermaster Sergeant Fred S. Beach, thigh, moderate; First Washington, near San Pedro Macati, 18th, K, Corporal Otis L. Denny, chest, severe; Twenty-third infantry, near Guadaloupe, Cebu, 12th, I, Second Lieutenant Alexander J. McNabb, Jr., scalp, slight.

General Brooke cabled from Havana the following death report:

At Santa Clara, James Mullen, discharged, Company H, Second cavalry, died Aug. 20, acute alcoholism; at Santiago, James J. Flannigan, B, Fifth infantry, typhoid; Joseph H. Love, F, Fifth infantry, internal injuries from fall, both 19th.

FUSION TICKET NAMED.

Nebraska Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans United.

OMAHA, Aug. 23.—Nebraska Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans met in this city and fused on nominations for judge of the supreme court and two members of the board of regents of the State university. Former Governor Silas A. Holcomb was nominated for supreme justice by the Populists and endorsed by the other two conventions, though not without a fight in the Democratic gathering. Former United States Senator William V. Allen could have had the nomination, but declined.

Bryan dictated the platform of the Democratic convention. This document declared uncompromisingly for free coinage of silver at the ration of 16 to 1 and endorsed bodily the Chicago platform of 1896. The platform of the Populist convention endorsed the platform of the Populist national convention of 1896 and in addition contained planks denouncing the policy of the administration in the Philippines. The platform of the Silver Republicans was much the same.

JONES' HEALTH WAS IMPROVING.

Suggested to Stone That New Democratic Committees Be Formed.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.—Vice Chairman Stone of the Democratic national committee received a letter from Senator Jones, chairman, in which the latter suggested the formation of the new committees provided for at the July meeting of the national committee. As it will be necessary to communicate with several persons, these names will not be given to the press for some days, probably the last part of the month.

Senator Jones said his health was again improving and that he hoped to leave for the United States about Oct. 10. He expressed great satisfaction over the result of the committee meeting at Chicago, and heartily approves of all that was done.

A Chicago paper credits ex-Governor Stone with being at the head of a move to hold an early convention, about the latter part of February or in March. This he says is without foundation.

Two Brakemen Killed by Tramps.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Aug. 23.—Three tramps stealing a ride on a Chicago and Great Western freight train shot and killed Brakemen J. E. Wilson and Coney Matthews and threw their bodies under the wheels. The murderers escaped, but an armed posse at once started in pursuit.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE PICKLE CROP.

Nothing But Persistent Spraying Will Save It.

Four years ago many Long Island cucumber growers thought the pickle industry of that section doomed. Only a few seasons before, yields of 125,000 small cucumbers, "pickles," had not been uncommon; and the crops, finding ready sale in cash markets, had brought comfortable additions to the bank accounts of the growers.

The rapid advance of a destructive enemy soon changed this pleasant condition and made the future prospect of the industry a dismal one. Downy mildew (Plasmopara cubeasis) or, as it was commonly called, "blight," appeared and spread so rapidly that it threatened the destruction of all late-planted vines in every part of the Island. Yields lessened rapidly from year to year and in 1895 the growers sold less than a quarter of a full crop. The season's balance had to be placed on the wrong side of the ledger; for nearly all pickle raisers lost money. Small wonder that they despaired! The mysterious enemy was active and was increasing in strength; and they knew not how to meet the foe. No successful remedy for the disease was known; or at least none was generally used.

The remedy is by simply spraying the vines with Bordeaux mixture, beginning about July 20, and repeating the application every eight or ten days until frost. This required seven or eight applications and each treatment cost from $2.43 to $3.29 per acre, varying with the size of the field, distance necessary to carry water and other factors. The figures given include all items of expense: wear and tear of apparatus, chemicals and freightage on them and a very liberal allowance for labor. A half day for men and team was charged against each application, while in many cases the work was all done in two or three hours. The cost would probably be much reduced in spraying larger areas, the largest field in this test containing less than 2¼ acres.

The apparatus used consisted of a barrel with detachable top to which was fastened an Eclipse spray pump, and two 20-foot leads of hose each provided at first with one "Deming Vermorel" nozzle and later, when the vines became larger, with two nozzles connected by brass tubing so bent that the nozzles were about 18 inches apart. This outfit, exclusive of the cart or wagon which may be found on every farm, cost $27.46 when set us ready for work.—Bulletin 156 N. Y.

The Cure of Roup.

First of all, isolatae the sick from the well (known by moping, swelling face and eyes, sneezing, discharges from nose and throat, etc.,) and in a thorough manner funigate the quarters with sulphur and carbolic acid. Every evening heat a brick very hot and on it drop ten drops carbolic acid. This you will compel the well ones to inhale for several minutes. It is a preventive. It is also an excellent antidote for the affected ones.

If the birds are valuable, treat them carefully. If not so valuable and they are quite ill, destroy them and treat only the less affected ones. Peroxide of hydrogen, half diluted with water, should be used on expensive birds. It is the most thorough cleanser known, and perfectly harmless as a local wash for the eyes and mouth. Use it morning and evening. For constitutional treatment, i. e., medicine to be administered into the general system, the following is nearest a specific of all medicines known: Corrosive sublimate one grain; tincture gelsemium, one drachm; tincture aconite, quarter drachm; tincture iodide-arsenic, quarter drachm; tincture blood root, two darchm; water, one and a half quarts. The water should have previously boiled and allowed to cool before the remedies are dissolved in it. Set this before the sick fowls and allow them to drink all they wish.

Let the food consist of boiled meals and mashed potatoes. Boil the wheat and let all be warm except the water they drink.—Dr. Roth, in American Agriculturist.

Feminine Dairy Wisdom.

There is a difference in cows, some will make more butter than others, but it is what they eat that makes the quality.

To make good butter the cows must have something to make it out of.

We have always heard that June butter was the best. The pastures then are perfect, sweet, fresh and abundant.

That should convince any one that perfect food will make perfect butter.

By forethought and care proper food can be supplied the year around.

As soon as the June feed begins to fall bring on the soiling crops.

First, green peas and oats, alfalfa and sweet corn planted in succession, so that it will last until snow flies.

Then the ensilage and sweet perfectly cured clover hay, with a variety of roots.

There is no excuse for a thinking, intelligent dairyman not producing June butter the year around. It pays.

It is not always the house care that makes poor butter.

Drinking from a stagnant pool will ruin the milk of a whole herd.

Few realize how much water a cow requires. Be sure that it is clear, cool and peanty in both pasture and stable.

Do not neglect the supply of salt in both pasture and stable.

Be sure that the milkers bathe frequently.

The unalterable rule should be enforced in regard to milking suits or overalls. They should be changed often and kept clean. Never allow the milking to be done in clothes loaded with perspiration.

Do not let the harvest work interfere with the regular milking hours.

OUR ERRORS IN SPEECH.

Why It Is Our Girls Are Misjudged a Uses of Slang

There is no reason at all why any girl, in however humble a station in life, should not try her very best to speak good English. Reading the best literature and listening to well educated people are both great means of helping her, especially if she offers both the sincere flatery of imitation. There are a good many every-day faults in speaking, which one hears often from the lips of people in different stations of life. They are the weeds of speech, and the moment one is recognized it should be promptly pulled up by the roots and cast aside. The curtailing and alteratios of certain words is not pretty. Say an "invitation," not an "invite;" a "face," not a "phiz;" or, worse still, a "mug;" a "cousin," not a "coz;" and remember to say "photograph," and not "photo." That poor word "got" is often sadly used, or rather misused. It is wrong to say that A is "going to get married," she is "going to be married;" and you can express your meaning quite as well by "I have a brother" as by "I have got a brother." People who speak good English avoid long words, and prefer saying "buy" to "purchase," "house" to 'residence," "begin" to 'commence. Also they never speak of 'sherry wine" or "carriage drives," but "sherry" and a "drive." They also recollect to apply "ride" to its proper use. "They "ride" a bicycle, a horse or doskey, but they "drive" in a carriage, team, or omnibus, and "travel" in a train. There are some expressions which are not pretty or indicative of gentle breeding. I dislike the word "vulgar" so very much that I must denote these expressions by the term "common."

"That fat is in the fire," an expressive of a quarrel or scene, is much used by uneducated people, who also speak of "outings," and worse still, "airings." Instead of saying, "I got that pattern from," they say, "I had it off her," which sounds very bad indeed. In alluding to servants, do not say, "the girl," or, "Miss A keeps two girls," but use the word 'maid," or servants." It is better to say, "I had to stay indoors," and "stay at home," rather than "stop at home." The words "stylish" and "genteel," are equally objectionable words. "Father" and "Mother" are far preferable to "papa" and "mamma," and the latter words sound very foolish in the mouths of those who have passed childhood. In speaking of your parents to acquaintances say "my mother," "my father," not omitting the possessive pronoun. When anyone is speaking to you, do not jog them by saying "yes, yes" constantly; it is not polite. Let them take their own time for saying what they want to say. As for slang, a little bit of it is perhaps permissible nowadays from girls who in former years would have been greatly condemned for using any. However, it is well to use a little discrimination for a great deal of slang used by school boys, men, or others, is very unsuitable to a girl. A peculiar expression used by some people should be avoided, and that is "out." Some persons when they are goin away for a holiday, or to leave the place they are in, say they are going "out." If they said they were "going out of town" it was quite correct; but "out" by itself is ugly and incorrect. To hear a person say they "enjoy bad health" is absurd and foolish on the face of the matter. You may say, "I dined." or "lunched", or "breakfasted," but never "tead;" you must say, "had tea." The habit which obtains among some people of nipping off the "g's" is extremely ugly To hear of "travelin'," "sittin'," goin'," etc., grates on one's ear, as all incorrect speech does, or ought to do. Ruskin says: "A well educated gentleman"—and it applies equally to a woman—"may not know many languages—may not be able to speak any but his own. But whatever languages he knows, he knows precisely whatever words he pronounces he pronounces rightly. Above all, he is learned in the peerage of words, knows the words of true decent and ancient blood at a glance from words of modern canaille." "Provincial dialect, he also remarks, "is not vulgar, but cockney dialect is so in a deep degree, because it is the corruption of a finer language continually heard." With care and attention a great deal may be done, and good anunciation be attained, as well as a selection of words in speaking, which will show a knowledge of English "As she should be spoken."

Verdi's New Opera.

Verdi has now gone back to Milan, where he is keeping a paternal eye on the house of retreat for old musicians which he is founding there and which is now rapidly approaching completion. At the same time he is working, says "M. A. P.," on a new opera.

For several months past he has kept this a dead secret, and even his most intimate friends knew nothing whatever about his project. But eventually they began to make discreet inquiries as to the reason why the maestro shut himself up so many hours daily in his study, and it was thus that they learned at last that he was writing an opera.

But even now Verdi is very reserved upon this subject. All that is really definitely known is that the hero of the work is Nero and that a few of the passages, which have been played over to his intimate circle, are of exquisite beauty. Before giving the opera to the world Verdi will take the advice of his friends, for he is afraid that (to use his own words) "this child of my old age may come into the world weak, sickly and ill formed."

Daily exercise with light dumbells cause round backs.

WOUNDS OF TREES.

Mixtures for Covering Them Cheaply and Safely.

It often happens that, either by intention, as in pruning, or by accident, trees are wounded in various ways. A common practice is to cover large wounds with coal tar; but this is objected to by some as injurious to the tree. Experiments made in the orchards and gardens of the Pomological Institute, at Ruthlegen, in Germany, go to show, however, that its true use is not injurious; but that, on the contrary, a callous readily forms under the tar, on the edges of the wound, and that the wounded part is thus protected from decay. There is, nevertheless, another objection, for if the tar is applied a little too thick the sun melts it and it runs down on the bark of the tree. This can be obviated by mixing and stirring and thus incorporating with the tar about three or four times its weight of powdered slate, known as slate-flour—the mixture being also known as plastic slate and used for roofing purposes. It is easily applied with an old knife or flat stick, and though it hardens on the surface, it remains soft and elastic underneath. The heat of the sun does not melt it, nor does the coldest winter weather cause it to crack—neither does it peel off.

The same mixture is also useful for other purposes in the garden. Leaky water-pots, barrels, pails, gutters, sashes, etc., can be easily repaired with it, and much annoyance and loss of time be thus avoided. It will stick to any surface, provided it be not oily; and as it does not harden when kept in a mass it is always ready for use. A gallon will last for a long time.

A most excellent preparation for small wounds and for grafting is thus prepared: Melt a pound of rosin over a slow fire. When melted take it from the fire and add two ounces of balsam of fir (Canada balsam), or two ounces of Venice turpentine (not spirits of turpentine), stirring it constantly. As soon as it is cool enough mix in four to six ounces of alcohol of 95 degrees strength—according to the season—until it is as thick as molasses. It keeps well in close-corked bottles for a long time. Should it become too thick by the gradual evaporation of the alcohol it is easily thinned by putting the bottle in warm water and stirring in sufficient alcohol to bring it to a proper fluidity. It is applied with a brush.

This preparation is much better than liquid grafting wax composed of rosin, beef tallow and spirits of turpentine, which often granulates. If there be any danger that the cions will dry up by evaporation they may, beneficially, be brushed over with this composition, it being first made more fluid by adding alcohol. By this means I succeeded, in February of last year, in grafting a single eye of Aegle Sepinaria upon a lemon tree, in a dry sitting-room, without the use of any glass covering.

A Suggestion for Drainage.

A Missouri farmer relates an experience which offers suggestions which, while they may not be exactly new, may have for many great practical value. There were upon his farm several depressions which in wet seasons held ponds of water. To drain these by ordinary means would have been very expensive, because no gravel could be got near the farm, and there was no tile factory in that vicinity. Open ditches were out of the question.

The services of an expert well-borer were secured. He sank several test shafts in various parts of the farm, and found that the underlying ground was a tenacious blue clay, fourteen to sixteen feet thick, and almost perfectly impervious. Beneath this was found a strata of white sand. The well-borer and his machine were placed in a wagon, which by means of a long rope was hauled to the deepest parts of a pond about an acre in extent. Here he bored a well down to the sand, completing the operation before sunset of the day when the work began. In thirty-six hours the water had disappeared and the pond was dry. To make this short perpendicular drain permanent he had it cleared of sediment, sunk the shaft about two feet into the bed of sand, and filled to the top with clean, coarse gravel from a creek bed. The gravel was heaped about a foot above the shaft to strain the water properly that the shaft might not become choked.

There are thousands of places in the West where, year after year, farmers have plowed around such wet spots, giving them up to the possession of rushes and frogs. Yet they could be drained easily by a few hours' work. In western Michigan a large swamp lay for years on the southern edge of a village, a noisome barrier to progress and a bone of contention in village and township politics. To drain it a large ditch a mile or two long would have been required, but some one, fortunately, discovered that a thin sheet of clay was all that kept the water from going down into a deep strata of gravel, boulders and sand. The wells were sunk and the swamp thoroughly drained at an almost nominal cost, leaving rich black soil, which is the most productive and valuable in all that district. There may be thousands of similar swamps, where two or three days spent in sinking test shafts would show a ready means for converting sloughs or swamps into fields of wonderful fertility.

Storing Roots.

A writer in the "Nebraska Farmer" says: "We always find turnips put in the cellar become pithy and worthless. My method is to obviate this, and I do it in this way: When I pull my turnips I cut off the top way down into the turnip, cut deep enough to cut all the eye out; then cut the root off smooth and nice, and you have them in a condition to place in a cool part of the cellar, or to bury out in open ground, and you need have no fear of pithy turnips. Beets should be buried out of doors, with manure over the dirt, so the ground will not freeze. In this way you can get at them any time in the winter. A part of the parsnip crop should be in the fall; they may be put in the cellar; no matter if they do wilt, they are so much the sweeter."

Paint for One Cent a Pound.

To one gallon of soft hot water add four pounds sulphate of zinc (crude). Let it dissolve perfectly, and a sediment will settle at the bottom. Turn the clear solution into another vessel. To one gallon of paint (lead and oil) mix one gallon of the compound. Stir it into the paint slowly for ten or fifteen minutes, and the compound and paint will perfectly combine. If too thick, thin it with turpentine.

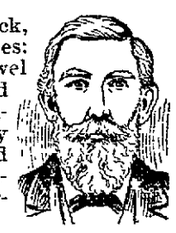
SUMMER CATARRH

Catarrh of the bowels, because it is most prevalent in the summer months, is called summer catarrh.

It surprises many that bowel trouble is catarrhal. Dr. Hartman's books make this plain. Write to the Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for them. They tell all about catarrh and how Pe-ru-na cures it wherever located.

"I had chronic diarrhœa for fifteen years," writes Mr. T. E. Miller, Grand Prairie, Tex. "I tried many medicines and doctors in vain. At last Pe-ru-na was recommended, and it relieved and cured me at once."

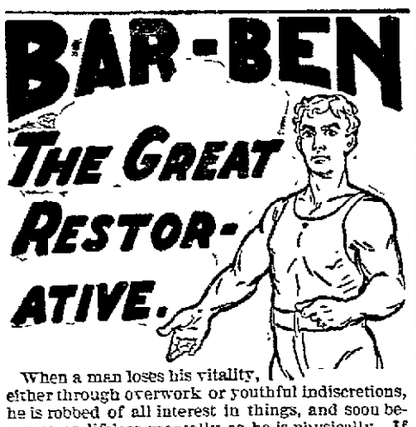
Mr. John Harting, 633 Main St., Cincinnati, O., writes: "My wife and myself took your Pe-ru-na for chronic diarrhœa and it cured us. No doctor or medicine we tried before helped us."



Mr. Edward Wormack, Ledbetter, Tex., writes: "Pe-ru-na for bowel troubles is unequalled by anything in my experience. I owe my life to Pe-ru-na, and shall always recommend it to those suffering as I was."

Mr. John Edgarton, 1020 Third Ave., Altoona, Pa., says: "I suffered from dysentery for three years. I took Pe-ru-na and am now well."

BAR-BEN



When a man loses his vitality, either through overwork or youthful indiscretions, he is robbed of all interest in things, and soon becomes as lifeless mentally as he is physically. If you have been addicted to youthful follies which are telling on you, your only protection is to properly treat yourself before it is too late. **BAR-BEN** is curing thousands easily, quickly. The most complicated and aggravated of cases in both men and women, heretofore considered incurable, yield almost instantly to the wonderful curauve properties of this great remedy.

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We give Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, Dishes, Furniture, Watches, Bicycles, Cameras and other premiums for taking orders for Our Switches. One lady earned a Piano in fifteen days, one a Sewing Machine in 2 days. Order a Switch at once or write to-day for **FREE PREMIUM OFFER.** Address,

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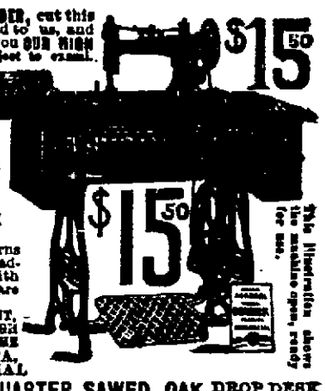

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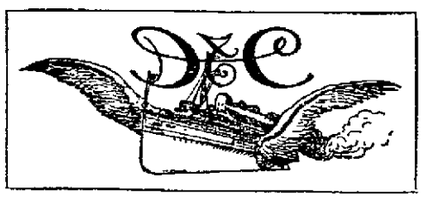

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

AT WHEELING PARK.

Russell & Co,'s Picnic a Thing of the Past.

AN EVENTFUL DAY FOR ALL

Beyond the Delay at Warrenton, Everything Passes Off Nicely—The Contests at Wheeling Park—Massillon vs. Bridgeport.

Sunday was a day of rest, and about seventeen hundred Massillonians, who composed Russell & Co.'s Employes' Mutual Benefit Association's excursion to Wheeling Park, seized upon the fact with thankful hearts. It was the first picnic held by the employes of that institution for years, and notwithstanding the vexatious delays on the downward trip, one of the most successful ever given. The committee could have chosen no better place for the outing. Numerous hills, winding drive-ways, shady walks, artificial lakes, good street car facilities, first class grounds for athletic events, a fine casino, substantial tables, without a single objectional feature, Wheeling Park is assuredly an ideal picnic ground.

Though the delays were generally lamented, the run was far from an unpleasant one. The country passed through was a rugged and picturesque one. Towering hills, with wooded summits, bleak ridges, high trestles, dark tunnels—all passed in rapid succession. The scheduled stop of five minutes was made at Scio, and the booming little oil town, with its hundreds of derricks and tanks, was the object of general interest.

The first return section, Saturday evening, arrived shortly after 9 o'clock. Sections two and three followed at 10 and 10.20 respectively. On these runs the company gave an exhibition of what it would have done in the morning had not circumstances beyond control prevented.

With a propitious start in the morning, everything went off smoothly until Adena was reached, and a fast run was a foregone conclusion in the minds of the excursionists. Near that station, however, a "hot box" developed in one of the coaches of the first section, and after a vain attempt of half an hour's duration to remedy the difficulty, the car was finally sidetracked. The trains were again gotten under way and continued as before until they were flagged just west of Warrenton and the excursionists informed that, on account of a freight wreck east of that place, there would be an unavoidable delay of considerable length.

Fast freight No. 83, John Ray, of Massillon, conductor, had been deranged, a broken flange causing the trouble. Four cars were demolished and the track badly torn up for several hundred feet.

The situation had been telegraphed to Wheeling from Warrenton, and when the excursionists came up to the scene of the wreck a train of freight cabooses, baggage cars and passenger coaches, hastily improvised at the former place, by the order of Superintendent Merwin, awaited them. To this train the occupants of each section on its arrival were transferred and taken to Wheeling. The track was cleared by the Columbia wrecking crew later in the day, and the coaches brought to Wheeling for the return run.

Considerable confusion was occasioned in the transfer. People who had their baskets checked forgot to take them in charge when changing trains, and consequently many, whose intentions had been otherwise, bought their meals at the park in preference to waiting two or three hours for the arrival of their baskets. The first section reached the park at about 11 o'clock, the others following at intervals of forty-five minutes.

The service of the Wheeling and Elm Grove street railway to the park could not have been excelled.

No one more regretted the unfortunate delays than did the railway people, themselves. The freight that caused so much trouble was east bound, and was due in Wheeling at an early hour. It was to be the last one to run before the excursionists. After its derailment, Superintendent Merwin and Trainmaster Van Dusen were untiring in their efforts to secure enough coaches to properly transfer the crowd.

The athletic contests arranged by the committee were called off and won as follows:

Fat mans' race—First prize, $2, John Brahm: second prize, $1.50, Fred Fricker; third prize, $1 00, Charles Brownewell.

Standing broad jump—First prize, $2, Clifford Manly; second prize, $1.50, John Tippin: third prize, $1, Robert Grant.

Running broad jump—First prize, $2, William Masters; second prize, $1.50, Robert Grant; third prize, $1.00, O. H. Jacobs.

One hundred yard dash (men)—First prize, $2 00, Edward Snyder; second prize, $1.50, William Masters; third prize, $1 00, John Kiefaber.

One hundred yard dash (boys) —First prize, $1.50, Walter Williams; second prize, $1, Ralph Mannweiler; third prize, 50 c. Carl Frye.

One hundred yard dash (girls)—First prize, $1 50, Ann Fromholtz; second prize, $1, Bessie Green; third prize, 50 cents, Sadie Hoy.

Bicycle race (two-mile handicap)—This was ridden on an eight-lap saucer track. At the ends the track has an inclination of about 45 degrees toward the center. Most of the riders had evidently never ridden on such a track before, for, out of seven entrees, A. Houriet, with a 90-yard handicap, and Harry Schafer, with 100 yards, were the only ones that finished. They received first and second prizes of $3 and $2 respectively. The others were all "spilled" in the early part of the race. The judges, however, decided that George Campbell, who was upset in the ninth lap, had ridden a plucky enough race, and awarded to him the third prize of $1.

Bowling contest—Seven different departments had teams in this contest. Department B, represented by Joseph Elsass, Clifford Manly, Perry Merrill, Frank Poe and Walter Grossweiler, won.

Prize waltz—This was won by Martin Reynolds and Mrs. H. Remmele.

Cake walk—Frank Nelson led, George Cecil and Miss Anna Priest receiving the cake. The judges were G. F. Campbell and Thomas McGuire, of Massillon, and Joseph Baumann, of Wheeling.

Lack of time prevented the baseball game between Music Hall and a team chosen from the rest of the shop. It has been decided to play the game in Massillon at some future date.

During the morning, the wife of the proprietor of the park beer garden was run over by a beer wagon, sustaining injuries that resulted in her death in the afternoon.

The Military band accompanied the excursion, and their selections at the park were among the most pleasant features of the occasion.

SATURDAY'S RUMORS.

No one was more thankful when Saturday came to a close than were the employes at the local W. & L. E. station. All day long they were kept busy answering telephone calls and inquiries of anxious people concerning the fate of friends and relatives. Women called at the station with tear-stained eyes, inquiring the truth of the report that the three sections lay wrecked in a tunnel on the east division, and that the number of dead and wounded was of shocking magnitude. A farmer arriving later in the day added fuel to the fire by announcing that the trains were piled up below Zoar, and that the number of casualties was great. "It was a kind of a novelty at first," said one of the employes this morning, "but it wore off long before evening."

PICNIC NOTES.

Mrs. William Spuhler was overcome by heat on the return trip, Saturday evening, and fainted. Her condition is improved today.

Occupants of the first section on the morning trip may be interested in learning that on the run between Massillon and Bowerston some of the fastest time ever recorded on the east division was made. The first forty-two miles were made in fifty-one minutes. Engineer Burkhart had charge of the engine.

False Teeth for Dogs.

It is sad to observe the extent to which the artificial influences of the present age are invading the animal kingdom. There are in New York city several dentists who earn their living by making sets of false teeth for dogs; many of the flowing tails of the horses that one sees in Central Park are as false as the back hair of nine-tenths of the fair sex, and now the fact has been brought to light that a considerable number of the most successful race-horses on the British turf are provided with artificial windpipes made of silver, the object being to prevent them from roaring.—New York Tribune.

Their Popular Names.

But a few of our Presidents have any descriptive word or phrase attached to their names. Mr. Lincoln is spoken of as the "Emancipator;" Gen. Jackson is called "Old Hickory;" James Monroe is famous as the author of the "Monroe doctrine;" James Madison used to be characterized as the "Father of the Constitution," and Jefferson as the "Father of Democracy," while George Washington leads them all as the "Father of his Country."—New York Sun.

Europe in America.

Europe has much larger possessions in America than many people imagine. The areas are thus stated: British, 3,634,782 square miles; French, 48,040; Danish, 86,614; Holland, 46,463. The population of these dependencies is as follows: British, 6,753,507; French, 377,203; Danish, 114,229; Holland, 107,865.

The Tibetan highlands of Asia have an area of 770,000 square miles, and range from 13,000 to 15,000 above the sea.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. Cheney for the last 13 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transaction, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Drink Grain-O

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease in Your Gloves

A lady writes: "I shake Allen's Foot-Ease into my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most dainty toilet powder." Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes easy. Always use it to break in new shoes. It keeps the feet cool and comfortable. We invite the attention of physicians and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot-Ease. All drug and shoe stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Sturdy Pedestrians.

"The statement is often made in this country, and still more frequently in England, that American women, while they are leaders in many spheres of feminine activity, are lacking in the physical endurance of their English cousins," writes Henry P. de Forest in the "Magazine of Travel." Especially are we told that they cannot walk, that five miles is a day's journey, and that an excursion of ten miles would prostrate any one of them for a week. So common are these assertions that are currently accepted as true. It is with pleasure, therefore, that I undertake the task of recounting the salient features of a pedestrian trip made by two American women, neither of whom is unusually robust or has previously had any special experience in walking. In company with my friend, Dr. 'Warby,' and myself, they not only were able to walk more than a thousand miles during the few weeks of a summer vacation, but they gained very decidedly in health and strength during the trip."

Horse Sense in Asses.

The Mexican burros ascertain where to dig for water by closely observing the surface of the ground. We had found in an arroya a sufficient quantity of water to make coffee, when we observed three burros searching for water. They passed several damp places, examined the ground closely, when the leader halted near us and commenced to paw a hole in the dry, hot sand with his right fore foot. After awhile he used his left fore foot. Having dug a hole something over a foot in depth, he backed out and watched it intently. To our surprise it soon commenced to fill with water. Then he advanced and took a drink, and stepped aside, inviting, I think, the others to take a drink; at all events, they promptly did so, and then went away, when we got down and took a drink from their well. The water was cool and refreshing, much better, in fact, than we had found for many a day. There is no witchcraft about the Mexican burros, but they have good horse sense.

BEECHAM'S PILLS Cure Indigestion, Constipation, Sick Headache.

10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

DYSPEPSIA

"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia in its worst form. I could eat nothing but milk toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last March I began taking CASCARETS and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as I ever was in my life."

DAVID H. MURPHY, Newark, O.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
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NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Our Old Glory

FOR

Labor Day AND Street Fair

—4x7—

Only 98 cents

Just the proper size for residence, office or parade.

GEO. W. DOLL,
Cash Hatter.
AT THE BRIDGE.

P. S.—Latest Fall Hats, Caps, Neckwear, etc. now ready.

MOUNT UNION COLLEGE Collegiate, Preparatory Normal, Oratory, Business, Music, and Art departments. Standard courses. Better equipped than ever before. Museum, Reading-room, Gymnasium are unsurpassed. Fine Ladies' Hall. Total expense for tuition, board and room, can be kept below $3.50 a week. Terms of the 54th year begin Sept 19, '99; Jan. 2, Apr. 3, 1900. Summer School, June 26-Aug. 10, 1900. Cat. free. Alliance, O.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad, and we will send you this big 325-lb. new 1899 pattern high-grade RESERVOIR COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVE, by freight C.O.D. subject to examination. Examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory and the greatest Stove BARGAIN you ever saw or heard of, pay the FREIGHT AGENT our SPECIAL PRICE, $13.00 less the $1.00 sent with order or $12.00 and freight charges. This stove is size No. 8, oven is 16½x18x11, top is 42x23; made from best pig iron, extra large flues, heavy covers, heavy linings and grates, large oven shelf, heavy tin-lined oven door, handsome nickel-plated ornamentations and trimmings, extra large deep, genuine Standish porcelain lined reservoir, handsome large ornamented base. Best coal burner made, and we furnish FREE an extra wood grate, making it a perfect wood burner. WE ISSUE A BINDING GUARANTEE with every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your local dealer would charge you $25.00 for such a stove, the freight is only about $1.00 for each 500 miles, so we save you at least $10.00. Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (INC.) CHICAGO, ILL.

WRITE FOR OUR BIG FREE STOVE CATALOGUE.

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

It rests with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. 500,000 boxes sold, 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

STOP SMOKING!

A MODEL HOUSE

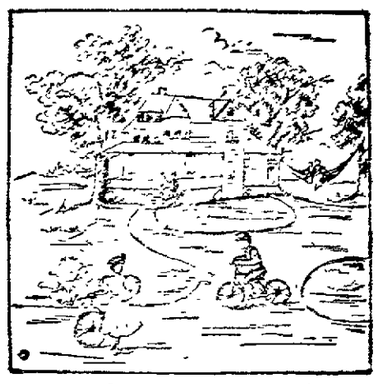
Is kept in model order by a model housewife—she cleans the dishes and kitchen utensils, cleans the floors and windows, cleans everything cleanable with

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

This famous cleanser quickly removes dirt or grease. It makes everything shine like new. It does the work in half the time, with half the labor and at half the cost of soap or any other cleanser.

For greatest economy buy our large package.

The N. K. Fairbank Company
CHICAGO ST. LOUIS NEW YORK BOSTON



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of good lots for sale. Cash or Easy terms. Also dwelling houses and business property for sale. Office and club rooms for rent.

JAMES R. DUNN,
Over 50 S. Erie Street.

SEND ONE DOLLAR WRITE PLAINLY LETTERING WANTED, and we will send you by freight, FREIGHT PAID, C.O.D. subject to examination, this handsome Royal Blue Barre granite gravestone, guaranteeing safe delivery. Examine it at your freight depot, and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, and equal to stones that retail at $20.00 to $30.00, pay the freight agent Our Special Offer Price, $9.98, less the $1.00 sent with order. We prepay the freight to any point east of the Rocky Mountains.

THIS HANDSOME GRAVESTONE is made, cut, traced, lettered and polished in very latest style from finest Royal Blue close Grain Barbie, is non-destructible, and has a rich, highly polished, unfading color. Gravestone is 20 inches high, 16 inches wide at base. Write for prices on other styles and sizes.

Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

MASON'S CREAM OF OLIVES OINTMENT
HOUSEHOLD CURES CATARRH ASTHMA HAY FEVER, MUMPS, CROUP, CAKED BREAST, FIRE & SUN BURN, CHAFING, BUNIONS & TIRED FEET, CHAPPED FACE, LIPS & HANDS, SAFE REMEDY FOR PILES
ALL DRUGGISTS OR MAILED FOR 25¢
H. T. MASON CHEMICAL CO 515 ARCH ST. PHILA. PA.
SAFE · SPEEDY · SURE
BICYCLERS

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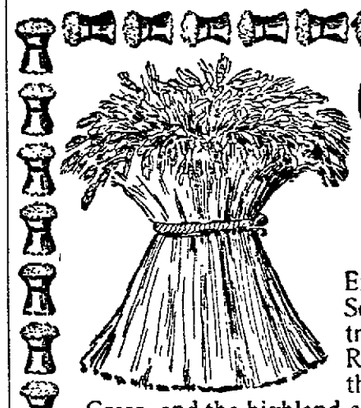

Excursion rates into the great Central South, are now in effect. Low round trip rates via the Queen and Crescent Route, twice each month, carry you through the far-famed Kentucky Blue Grass, and the highland country of East Tennessee, into the great rich valleys and hills of Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana.

Living is cheap in this warmer climate. Pastures 10 months a year. Less clothing required. Land selling cheap. Wouldn't it pay you to see if you can't make more money where the weather is less boisterous? Write us for free books, maps, and pamphlets.

W. C. RINEARSON, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

ON ACCOUNT OF THE

Merchants' Great Street Fair

Commencing in this city on the 4th of next month, we found it necessary to visit the city of New York for our

AUTUMN PURCHASES

earlier than usual. OUR BUYER IS THERE NOW and the NEW STOCK will all be here and ready for inspection in a few days.

$1300.00 worth of Choice New Carpetings are already in our Carpet Hall.

The selections throughout the entire establishment will be full and complete.

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

YOU

Can Secure the NEW WERNER EDITION of The

Encyclopædia Britannica

THIRTY LARGE, SUPERB, OCTAVO VOLUMES,
Including
FIVE VOLUMES OF AMERICAN SUPPLEMENT,

FOR ONE DOLLAR--$1.00--CASH

Balance in small Monthly Payments. Prices and Terms:

CLOTH—$45.00 (formerly $64.50), $1.00 down and $3 00 per month thereafter.

HALF MOROCCO—$60 00 (formerly $94.50), $2.00 down and $4.00 per month thereafter.

SHEEP—$75.00 (formerly $98.50), $3.00 down and $5.00 per month thereafter.

The Entire Set Delivered on receipt of the First Payment.

The complete work on display at our store. If you cannot call, cut out this coupon and mail it to us.

Coupon

The Werner Co., Akron, O.

Please send me specimen pages and full particulars in regard to this special offer.

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THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bamberlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 24, 1899.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEORGE K. NASH.
of Franklin county.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL,
of Hamilton county.

For Auditor,
W. D. GUILBERT,
of Noble county.

For Treasurer,
I. B. CAMERON,
of Columbiana county.

For Attorney General,
JAMES M. SHEETS,
of Putnam county.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS,
of Marion county.

For Member Board of Public Works
FRANK HUFFMAN
of Allen county

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

For Common Pleas Judge,
WARREN W. HOLE.

For Representative,
JACOB B. SNYDER,
ROBERT A. POLLOCK.
CLARK W. METZGER

For Probate Judge,
MAURICE E. AUNGST.

For Prosecuting Attorney
ROBERT H. DAY.

For Treasurer,
A. HARVEY SMITH.

For Sheriff,
JOHN J. ZAISER.

For County Commissioner
JOSEPH B. SUMMER.

For Infirmary Director.
ANDREW REESE.

The immediate effect which M. Labori's return to the trial chamber has had upon the Dreyfus case is an evidence that the brilliant lawyer's would-be assassin knew what he was about when he attempted to silence him forever.

An Ohio statistician has summarized the delegates so far chosen to the Zanesville convention. He says that McLean has pledged to him 187 votes; Kilbourne, 90; Sherwood, 99; in contest, 122, and the balance are unpledged and uninstructed.

The beautiful faith of the Hon. James Allen Rice, of Canton, in the winning power of his own individuality, unassisted by brass bands or blow trumpets, may yet have the effect of securing for him some of the members of the Stark county delegation who are now unknown quantities on the gubernatorial question.

It is stated that the automobile that is now sold in this country for $2,500 costs less than $750 to make and put on the market. When it is remembered that at one time bicycles that cost $17 to make and advertise were commonly sold for $100 and that now a good machine may be had for from $15 up to $35, there appear to be grounds for hope that the price of the new conveyance will eventually come down.

The rioting in the streets of Paris on Sunday and the desecration of a church by a lawless mob of people claiming to be friends of Dreyfus is another example of the fact which has been demonstrated during the Cleveland strike, namely, that most of those who commit outrages against law and order are not actuated by zeal to secure justice for themselves or others, but are prompted by the evil of their own minds to perform acts of violence whenever the chance presents itself.

The fact that last week Bryan told the Democrats of Iowa that the silver question should be kept in the background, and this week tells the Democrats of Nebraska that the free silver issue is to be prominent in the coming campaign, does not necessarily indicate that he is unstable in his convictions or weakening in his intellect, but only that he stands ready to make any statement, true or false, which is likely to render him popular with the people he happens to be addressing.

The Indianapolis correspondent for a trade paper reports that there has not been a year since 1892 when the outlook for fall and winter business in that section has been as encouraging as it is now. This is substantially the report which comes from all sections of the United States. Anticipating a rise in prices, early buyers have stocked up heavily in order to take advantage of market conditions, and jobbers have laid in large supplies. It is stated that a healthy business confidence exists among all classes which fully justifies the placing of large orders.

The Pittsburg correspondent of the New York Sun presents some interesting facts regarding the remarkable history of the tin plate industry in the United States. The record in this case constitutes an impressive demonstration of the economic value of a policy which promotes production at home by first insuring private enterprise against the injurious competition of cheaper labor cost in foreign countries, and then leaves to American skill and ingenuity the solution of the problem of developing an industry up to the point of holding its own against all rivals.

In view of the recent development of interest in public ownership and operation of lighting plants, Edward W. Bemis has prepared an article for the current issue of the Outlook, which contains statistics and much interesting information on this subject. After stating the fact that whole communities are now voting for such operation by enormous majorities, Mr. Bemis continues: "The movement has found its greatest development in the states between Pennsylvania and the Missouri river. Only eight instances have been found of abandonment of public operation when once started, and in at least three of these the city officials do not consider that there was any failure of public operation. Of over one hundred plants especially investigated, less than ten per cent. were considered unsatisfactory by those in charge."

The selection of Akron as the point at which to open the Republican campaign in Ohio recalls the year 1893, when McKinley opened the campaign in Akron before the biggest crowd that ever assembled at a political meeting in the state. This fact, according to E. K. Rife's notes on politics and politicians, was fresh in the minds of the executive committee in the conferences held during the last few weeks for the purpose of selecting the place for the opening meeting. Mr. Rife continues:

"It needed little argument before the executive committee to convince the members that Akron is one of the most desirable towns in the state to open a great campaign for Republicans. It is situated at the most accessible point in the Western Reserve, which has been the Gibraltar of Republicanism since the birth of the party. There is a widespread fear among the Democrats that the coming meeting at Akron will be the greatest outpouring of Republicans even seen in Ohio. There is plenty of reason for this fear. The belief is daily growing stronger among the Republican leaders that the Akron meeting will so far eclipse all former opening meetings in numbers and enthusiasm that the issue between the parties will be decided then and there and the meeting will be a splendid prelude to the election of Judge Nash and the indorsement by Ohio of President McKinley."

NEWS FROM CANTON.

William Casack Asks Damages From the Corns Iron & Steel Co.

CANTON, Aug. 21.—William Casack, through his attorneys, Welty & Albaugh, has begun suit against the Corns Iron & Steel Co., of Massillon. Plaintiff avers that prior to January 14, 1899, he was engaged as night watchman in defendant's plant. In same plant, near where defendant's employes were accustomed to pass, a hole six feet square and four feet deep had been excavated. Said hole was the receptacle of boiling water which, at certain intervals, was discharged from the boilers. On the night of January 14, 1899, plaintiff alleges, he was walking through the mill, when an embankment of ground, which had been erected by order of the defendant, during plaintiff's absence, caused him to stumble and fall into said vat, sustain horrible injuries and necessitating his confinement in bed for twelve weeks. Plaintiff avers that the accident was the fault of defendant company, that no light was displayed at the vat, that it was uncovered, and that he had not been informed of the throwing up of the embankment that caused him to stumble. Plaintiff further avers that he is permanently injured, and can perform no bodily labor. He therefore asks for damages in the sum of $1,999.

A Narrow Escape

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D., "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up saying that I could only live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined that if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's Drug Store. Regular price 50c and $1.00, guaranteed or price refunded.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, Druggist.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, Druggist.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS

Schlafly is Nominated for Sheriff.

PETEB SMITH CONCEDES IT

Grand and Petit Jurors for September Term of Common Pleas Court—Apportionment of the June Tax—Stark County Teachers' Institute.

CANTON, Aug. 22.—The official count of the votes cast at the Democratic primaries Saturday, is in progress today. The following ticket will not be changed by the official count:

Representative—Morgan, Bauer and Warwick.
Probate judge—Bowers.
Prosecuting attorney—Pomerene.
Treasurer—Hossler.
Sheriff—Schlafly.
Commissioner—Meyers.
Infirmary director—Uandegrift.

Quite a change was developed in the sheriff race. Schlafly is almost 100 votes ahead of Smith, and cannot now be beaten, and Smith concedes his nomination by 100. This is somewhat different than what certain authorities were prophesying yesterday. In speaking to an INDEPENDENT man, this morning, Schlafly said that he had never conceded Smith's nomination. "I was in Akron since Saturday evening, settling up accounts with my firm," said he. "I was confident of the nomination."

County Auditor Reed has completed the apportionment of the June tax collection to the various towns and townships for school and other purposes. Following is the amount due the different townships at the August settlement:

Bethlehem, $2,321 66; Canton, $7,978 42; Jackson, $2,592.99; Lake, $3,124.54; Lawrence, $3,403.60; Lexington, $1,896.93; Marlboro, $1,565 44; Osnaburg, $1,991.86; Paris, $1,864.35; Perry, $3,486.19; Pike, $2,126 04; Plain, $2,446 73; Sandy, $1,312.40; Sugarcreek, $2,406 36; Tuscarawas, $3,262.92; Washington, $3,134.51.

Special school districts for school purposes: Navarre, $1,011.86; Canton, $50,309 51; Greentown, $1,180.59; Uniontown, $752 20; Canal Fulton, $1,960 39; Alliance, $13,387.07; Marlboro, $440.88; Louisville, $1,691.62; Osnaburg, $1,095.74; Hostetter, $267.18; Minerva, $1,102.50; New Franklin, $132.37; Massillon, $17,163 32; New Berlin, $1,245.04; Mapleton, $165 62; Magnolia, $400.10; Waynesburg, $793 35; Beach City, $1,349.03; Wilmot, $642 51; West Brookfield, $529.22; Children's Home, $72.75.

Cities and corporations for city purposes: Navarre, $935 62; Canton, $77,485.20; Canal Fulton, $883.88; Alliance, $16,309.59; Limaville, $90.61; Louisville, $2,611 31; Osnaburg, $597.39; Minerva, $1,044 52; Massillon, $30,993.46; Waynesburg, $425.27, Magnolia, $9,682; Beach City, $242.51; Wilmot, $184 52.

The annual teachers' institute of Stark county will be held in the high school building in this city, commencing August 28 and closing September 1. Morning sessions will open at 8:30, and afternoon sessions at 1:30, closing at 3:30, with lectures each evening. The following instructors have been engaged: Dr. Arnold Tompkins, of Champaign, Ill., and Mrs. Anna E. Friedman, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Albert H Smith as music director. Dr. Tompkins will give instructions on the "General Nature of the Teaching Process," "The Ethical Education," "The Logical Process of Education or Universal Method in Education." Mrs. Anna E. Friedman will give instructions in arithmetic, general topics and geography. Tuesday evening Dr. Tompkins will deliver a lecture on "The Beautiful as a Factor in Education." On Thursday evening Mrs. Friedman will lecture on "The Child and His Teachers." There will be addresses during the institute by Dr. J. J. Burns, state school commissioner, Lewis Bonebrake, Charles Krichbaum and J. J. Grossman. The executive committee, composed of John M. Sarver, O. W. Curtz and Belle H. Stone, make the announcement that the hotels and restuarants have made special rates to all teachers during the institute.

At 10 o'clock Monday morning Clerk Casselman and Sheriff Zaiser drew from the jury wheel the names of fifteen men to serve as grand jurors, and twenty-seven to serve as petit jurors for the September term of common pleas court. The names follow:

Grand jurors—Lycurgus Pfouts, Sugarcreek; Charles A. Conrad, Massillon; Samuel Killinger, Jackson; W. F. Cole, Marlboro; Andrew Shrock, Lawrence; Andrew Carper, Lake; Frank O. Humberger, Massillon: Thomas Crowl, Paris; Alonzo Wertz, Canton; Thomas Wilson, Alliance; Joseph Kiefer, Canton; J. J. Snyder, Paris; Albert D. Weaver, Canton: John B. Snyder, Massillon: Madison Trail, Alliance.

Petit Jury—B. F. Reichard, Alliance; Daniel Hoover, Plain; Adam Gibb, Canton; Peter Balmat, Nimishillen: John H. Kamerer, Lake; Jefferson Dill, Sugarcreek; Franklin Richards, Lake; A. H. Montgomery, Osnaburg; George Shaffert, Canton; Paul Houriet, Massillon; John L. Jackson, Canton; Charles Grammer, Lawrence; James H. Hunt, Massillon: Joseph Filler, Bethlehem; Jacob B. Snyder, Massillon: William H. Raff, Sugarcreek; Jerome Muckley, Sandy; Z. T. Baltzly, Massillon; Reason Berry, Osnaburg: James Brown, Lawrence; Wendell P Fox, Massillon; Eli Garner, Canton; Tobias Covers, Alliance; Frank Schlott, Nimishillen; S. J. Reed, Canton: Charles Oldfield, Canton.

The embezzlement case against Attorney W. J. Piero was settled out of court, and the case dismissed at the cost of plaintiff. The complainant, Anna Offaiter, it is said, accepted the amount previously offered by the defendant.

Will has been filed for probate in the estate of Elizabeth G. Rowland, of Sugarcreek township.

The judicial convention for the nomination of a judge for the ninth judical district will be held at Alliance August 29.

THE BOARD MEETS.

Township School Term to Commence Oct. 2.

WOLF FOR TRUANT OFFICER

Directors Instructed to Hire Janitors at Fifteen Cents a Day—Teachers Recently Engaged by the Members—Graber's Bond Accepted.

The Perry township board of education met in Massillon on Monday, Members Fasnacht, Smith, Stern, Essig, Leifer, Leeper and Kerstetter being present. The following motions were adopted:

By Mr. Smith—That each director be authorized to purchase coal and other supplies for his school during the coming term.

By Mr. Smith—That each director be instructed to engage a competent janitor for his school at wages not to exceed fifteen cents a day.

By Mr. Leifer—That Hess, Snyder & Company be engaged to make furnace repairs in districts Nos. 6 and 7.

By Mr. Leifer — That the bond of Aaron Graber, recently re-elected township treasurer, be accepted. It bore the names of Wilson Graber, William Wefler, Leander Graber and Samuel Graber.

By Mr. Smith—That the schools be opened on October 2, in all districts where the attendance will justify.

By Mr. Leifer—That Philip Wolf be appointed truant officer for the coming term.

Mr. Kerstetter reported that he had engaged John Heintzelman to teach the school of his district, agreeing to pay him $2 a day for six months.

Mr. Leifer said he had secured the services of Miss Kuskopf for five months at $1.50 a day. He has also engaged M. W. Teeple for eight months at $2 a day.

Mr. Leeper announced that Miss Abbie McLaughlin would have charge of his school, the pay to be $1.75 for six months.

BILLS PAID.

S. B. Stern	$ 1 15
S. A. Conrad & Co	7 27
E. W. Busby	70 15

CASES IN LOCAL COURTS.

Heavy Fines for Men Who Fished Unlawfully.

Howard Heintzelman, of Navarre, and E. L. Zeltner and William Dickerhoof, of Canton, were taken before 'Squire Sibila by Deputy Game Warden Dangeleisen Tuesday morning, and they pleaded guilty to a charge of having used dynamite to kill fish in the Tuscarawas river. Each was fined $100 and costs, for the payment of which satisfactory arrangements were made. The dynamiting took place about August 4, ever since which time the authorities have been investigating.

Nathan Watts, of Navarre, formerly of this city, is much worried because of a report in circulation at Navarre that it was he who gave Warden Dangeleisen the information that led to the arrests. Mr. Watts requested THE INDEPENDENT to see Mr. Dangeleisen and have him make a statement concerning the matter. "Mr. Watts had no connection whatever with this case," replied Mr. Dangeleisen, in answer to an inquiry. "I am able to attend to my own affairs."

A MATTER OF WHEAT AND OATS.

The replevin suit of Mrs. Anna Beck, of Navarre, against the sheriff to recover possession of wheat and oats upon which that officer recently levied, was tried before Justice Paul and a jury this morning. The wheat was decided to be Mrs Beck's, and the oats was allowed the sheriff. The sheriff must pay the costs.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, August 22, 1899:

LADIES.

Gates, Mrs. W	Sproul, Margaret
Kisner, Mrs. John	Thomas, Mrs Anna
McGraw, Miss Louisa	Tipton, Mrs. R.
Rinesmith, Mrs. David	
Braudeberry, Miss Attie	

MEN.

Baatz, John C.	Haverstock, L. G.
Decker, Elmer E.	Knapp, Levi
Durham, Dr. J. I. (2)	Lewis, David J.
Evans, Drayton	Liepper, J. C.
Fullington, C. W.	Myers, John
Gossett, E. G.	Oberlin, S. J.
Smith, Rob't	

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

Who Will be Our Next President?

Politicians are now planning for the presidential campaign of 1900, but the war has so overshadowed all other matters that politics is almost unnoticed. Many people are of the opinion that the candidates will be the same as in 1896, but there may be a "dark horse" who will win the race. Popularity has much to do with candidates. This is also true with medicine. The most popular remedy today is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and it has retained this for many years. Science never discovered the equal of this medicine for stomach, liver and kidney diseases. It builds up solid flesh tissue, imparts vigor and vitality to all organs, and makes life worth living. A bottle will make a big change for the better. Try it.

Sick Headache and Neuralgia

are speedily cured by Slusser's Sick and Nervous Headache Tablets. 10c. and 25c. at druggists'.

READY FOR SEPT. 4

Progress of the Street Fair Promoters.

THE FIRST DAY'S PARADE.

Favorable Replies to Invitations to Participate Insure an Immense Turnout—Prizes Offered for Fruit Exhibits—Other Matters.

The Massillon Business Men's Street Fair Association will meet in the mayor's court room at 7:30 o'clock this evening, for the purpose of hearing reports of committees and finishing arrangements generally. Mayor Wise stated today that the indications are for an even more imposing parade than last year. Manufacturers and merchants are taking a great interest in the proposed industrial features, and the labor organizations and societies of this and other nearby cities have already sent word that they will participate.

Work on the booths and arches progresses rapidly. One of the walls of the German village has been reared, and a few days will see the other important parts completed. The gates of the fair will be opened at noon on September 4.

THE STREET FAIR PREMIUMS.

The following are the premiums to be awarded by H. E. Sinnock at the Massillon street fair:

For the best bushel of winter apples, six winter apple trees; best bushel autumn apples, six autumn apple trees; best bushel sweet apples, six sweet apple trees; best one-half bushel large apples, three Wealthy apple trees; best peck of crab apples, three crab apple trees; best one half bushel Standard pears, three Standard pear trees; best one-half bushel dwarf pears, three dwarf pear trees; twelve largest pears, one Sheldon pear tree; best one-half bushel yellow peaches, six Elberta peach trees; best one half bushel white peaches, six Champion peach trees; best specimen of peaches grown in Stark county in 1899, one Willett peach tree; best peck of plums, three Burbank plum trees; best peck of prunes, three German prune trees; best peck of blue grapes, three Moore's early grape vines; best peck of black grapes, three Eaton grape vines; best peck of white grapes, three Niagara grape vines; best peck of red grapes, three Brighton grape vines; four largest bunches of grapes, one Early Ohio grape vine; best one-half peck of quinces, one Meeches' Prolific quince; to the farmer making the largest and best display of fruits, one gallon National tree invigorator.

Plants and Flowers, confined to amateurs—For the best specimen of palm, one crimson rambler rose; best specimen of begonia, six hyacinth bulbs; best specimen of rubber plant, three H. P. roses; best specimen of fern, one lily aratum bulb; best specimen of spotted leopard, one calla bulb; best specimen of potted canna, six gladioli bulbs; best bouquet of cut flowers, six tulip bulbs.

All persons wishing to make entries, notify Mr. Sinnock by mail or telephone (168) on or before September 1. After that time entries will be taken at the booth on the grounds up to 10 p. m., September 2, when entries will positively close.

MIDWAY ATTRACTIONS.

Street Fair Amusement Committee Ready to Report.

The amusement committee of the street fair association has completed arrangements for the appearance of the following attractions on the Midway: Hagenback's trained animal show; Charters's streets of Cairo, including performances by acrobats and dancers, elephants and donkeys; the Coney Island Vaudeville Company; Ching Ling Too and a troupe of Chinese and Japanese jugglers and tumblers; Mille Christena, the double woman; Sherry Brothers' working world; Bosco, the snake eater; the animated pictures; the London mystery.

EAST GREENVILLE PICNIC.

Robert Featheringham, of Massillon, Wins the Prize Waltz.

EAST GREENVILLE, Aug. 21.—The first annual picnic of the East Greenville court of Foresters, held in Young's grove, Saturday, brought in $500, about 30 per cent. of which was left after expenses had been paid. William Morgan, district president of the miners' organization, was president of the day, and James Crichton, also an official of the miners' union, was the chief marshal of the parade. John P. Jones, of North Lawrence, delivered the address of the day. The various events resulted as follows:

Quoit handicap—John Boyd, first; Charles Logan, second; J. P. Jones, third.

Free-for-all shoot—L. Fichter, of West Brookfield; P. McCarty, North Lawrence; Clement Steele, West Lebanon.

100-yard handicap—James Boyd, East Greenville; N. Harwick, Dalton; Frank Baumgartner, North Lawrence.

Bicycle free-for-all—J. Misery, Burton City; Steven Bell, Newman.

Sack race—James Boyd, East Greenvile; H. Harwick, Dalton.

Three-legged race—Bell and Boyd, first; Miller and Thomas, second.

Tug-of-war—North Lawrence and Newman vs. East Greenville. Won by Newman and Lawrence.

Girls' race—Blanche Specht, Lizzie Lewis.

The prize waltz was won by Robert Featheringham, of Massillon, and Miss Mary Sanford, of West Brookfield.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

THE BIDS OPENED.

Many Proposals for Purchase of the City's Coupon.

The proposals for the purchase of the city's coupon bonds in series of $3,500, and $1,500 were opened in the office of the city clerk at noon today in the presence of City Clerk Seaman, City Engineer Borton and Mayor Wise. The bid of Federman, Holtzman & Company, of Cincinnati, for the $3,500, was $3,629, exactly $16 higher than any other. For the $1,500 the bids of Federman, Holtzman & Company and the Groghan Banking and Savings Company of Fremont, were identical, being $1,532.50. The $3,500 series are for the improvement of Cherry and Akron streets, and the $1,500 for the improvement of Chester street. The First National Bank submitted the only Massillon bid.

HIS FIANCEE FLED.

"You'll Never See Me Again," She Wrote.

NO WEDDING ON TUESDAY

Miss Cora Hoffman, After Making All Preparations, Even to Selection of Gown and Hat, Disappears and Leaves George Lenhart Heartbroken.

The mystery of the disappearance of Cora Hoffman, whose marriage to George Lenhart was announced to take place on August 29, from the home of her foster parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Hoffman, at 21 North Waechter street, has been partially cleared away by the following letter, which came to Mrs. Hoffman, though evidently it was written for Mr. Lenhart:

"DEAR FRIEND GEORGE—I am sorry to tell you that I am going to leave for New York this afternoon, so this is the last of our meetings, so I will say goodbye to all and to my father and mother, and I guess you'll never see me again. Goodbye to all.

"CORA."

The note was dated last Friday. It was last Friday that Miss Hoffman left. In the morning of that day she asked her foster-mother to go to the home of a neighbor on an errand for her. The mother went. When she came back Cora was missing. The prolonged absence of the young woman alarmed her. Then came the note. Mr. Lenhart, who is employed as a glassworker in Cleveland, called at the Hoffman residence Saturday evening. From there he intended to go to St. Mary's rectory to make arrangements for the wedding. He read his fiancee's note, and went to the police headquarters instead. "I bought a girl a diamond ring, a $6.50 hat, a dress that cost a small fortune and ever so many other things, he told the officers, "and she promised to marry me. Now she has made away with these things, like enough to marry some other fellow. I want to know whether I can't have her arrested." Being told that nothing could be done, the unhappy man took the next train for Cleveland.

Mrs. Hoffman is of the opinion that Miss Hoffman is in Canton, and she is not sure that the young lady is not by this time the wife of one Jacob Hill. Mr. Hill called at the Hoffman home last Thursday evening. He was then wearing the engagement ring that Mr. Lenhart had given Miss Hoffman. Mr. Lenhart did not like this very well, though Mr. Hill immediately returned the ring to the lady. He wanted to know what Hill was doing with the ring, and the story that it was the style nowadays for young men to wear young ladies' rings did not wholly satisfy him. "If that's the case," he said, "seems to me I ought to have it."

All Right Now.

"Overwork and loss of necessary sleep made me very nervous and it was with the greatest difficulty that I could execute my solos. A friend advised me to give Dr. Miles' Nervine a trial, which I did and received immediate benefit. In a few days I was entirely relieved. I recommend it to all musicians who suffer from overworked and disordered nerves."

Otto H. Shemmer,
2316 State St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is sold by all druggists on guarantee, first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free.

Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Raphael Parks has removed his family to Cleveland.

Hershey Meek has returned from a visit in Krumroy.

Mrs. Christian Geltz is visiting relatives in Strasburg.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Fasnacht, a daughter.

Miss Helen Graham, of New Berlin, is visiting in the city.

Miss Eva Bevard, of Canal Fulton, is visiting in Massillon.

Miss Emma Keubler is the guest of Canal Fulton friends.

Mrs. William Knight and children are visiting in Canal Fulton.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson, of Justus, were visitors in the city on Tuesday.

Mrs. William McLaughlin, of Bolivar, is the guest of Massillon friends.

The Misses Theresa and Anna Berens are visiting Canal Fulton relatives.

Paul's meat market, in West Main street, now has a Bell telephone, No. 115.

Miss Kathryn Hoban, of Cleveland, is the guest of Mrs. W. E. Snyder, in Third street.

Walter Brenneman has accepted a position as night clerk in a New Philadelphia hotel.

Hereafter all shoedealers will close their places of business at 5:30 on Monday evenings.

Miss Laura Lantzer, of New Berlin, is the guest of her brother, B. Lantzer, in Wooster street.

The Rev. E. P. Wise, of Irvington, Ind., preached at the Christian church on Sunday morning.

All the mills and factories of Youngstown have agreed to suspend operations for the observance of Labor Day.

Messrs. J. C. F. Putman and I. H. Clark are spending a few days at the St. Sauveur hotel, Bar Harbor, Me.

The Misses Mame George and Sara Rollins, of Buffalo, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Vogt on Cecil street.

Meyrick Evans was slightly injured by a fall of coal in the Klondike mine, near North Lawrence, Monday morning.

The Rev. Dr. Scovel, of Wooster, preached to a large congregation at the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning.

The annual reunion of the Twenty-third O. V. I., President McKinley's regiment, will be held at Tiffin August 29 31.

Mail Carrier Hopkinson is spending his annual vacation in Trumbull county. R. H. Gow, subsitute carrier, is taking his route.

The young people of St. Mary's church will hold an ice cream social in the school hall Thursday evening. All are cordially invited to attend.

A reunion of all ex-soldiers who enlisted under President Lincoln's first call for 75,000 volunteers, in April, 1861, will be held at Wooster on September 14.

Messrs. S. B. Borden, F. G. Borden, George H. Mong and J. C. Richeimer, of Russell & Co.'s Pittsburg office force, were prominent at the picnic Saturday.

Miss Kate Axel and Miss Laura Schworm left Sunday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Stoner at Perry, and Mr. and Mrs. Casper Wentzel at Montville.

During the present season William Masters has supplied Massillon grocers with 13,200 roasting ears. This is the yield of two acres and is equal to 275 bushels of corn.

About twenty young people were driven in a hay-wagon, Tuesday evening, to Navarre, where they were entertained by Miss Margeuerite Claire. The party returned home at a late hour.

Hundreds of people attended the lawn fete given by the young ladies of St. Mary's church on Tuesday evening, and about $100 was cleared by the entertainment. The Military band played during the evening.

J. W. Shuster has leased the Shriver homestead, in South Erie street, including forty acres of land surrounding it, and will take possession about September 1. The Shriver heirs reserve the right to sell lots from the property.

Mrs. W. A. McRoberts and two children, who have been spending the summer at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Hemperly, returned to Allegheny this morning. They were accompanied by Miss Helen Hemperly, who will remain for a two weeks' visit.

Arthur F. Brown, of Detroit, and Miss Ola Wardell, formerly of Navarre, were married by the Rev. John I. Wilson on Tuesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Leeper, south of the city. Only relatives were present. Mr. and Mrs. Brown will live in Detroit.

Miss Helen McLain entertained a number of guests with progressive pedro at her Quality Hill residence on Tuesday evening. Eleven tables were occupied. The prizes were won by Miss McClymonds and William Conrad. During the evening the engagement of Miss McLain to Robert Hess was announced.

A circular letter has been issued, addressed to the board of trustees of Scio college and signed by members of the college faculty, stating that the signers think Scio is not the proper place for Scio college to be reopened. The letter appeals to the Northeastern Ohio Methodist Episcopal conference to settle the question and promulgate orders for the faculty.

Oscar Shuster, a Canton lad, appeared on Massillon streets Sunday with a horse and buggy. Officer Rigler, of Canton, arrived in the afternoon and took him in charge. Young Shuster has a mania for unhitching rigs on the street and making way with them, this being his third offense. Willie Wagner, of Wissmar avenue, was with him during the day, but had no complicity in the matter.

Fire broke out in the play house at the Orphans' Home at Louisville, Tuesday afternoon, and completely destroyed the building. Stables belonging to Mrs. Bauman and Peter Webber were also burned, the total loss amounting to about $1,500. The origin of the fire is a mystery. A call for aid was sent to Canton, and an engine and reel were at once started, but the order was countermanded, the fire having been gotten under control.

It has been proposed that a reunion of all the old teachers, pupils and ex-pupils of District No. 8, school of Perry township, known as the "Murray School" be held on the school grounds some time next month. Henry Sinnock is the prime mover in this matter, and at the preliminary meeting held Monday night in the school house, he was elected chairman of a committee on arrangements. A committee on entertainment was appointed, and another to arrange a programme for the occasion. The date of the reunion which is to take the form of a basket picnic, is set for September 14.

TWO DAYS' DEATHS

Mrs. Geo. Roseman Found Dead in Bed.

P. SMITH PASSES AWAY.

The End Comes Rather Suddenly While He is at His North Alley Home—A Child Dies of Cholera Infantum—East Greenville Death.

Mrs. Marie Roseman, who lived alone at 112 South Mill street, retired in her usual health Saturday evening. Sunday morning she was found dead in bed. Mrs. James Austin, of 24 Albright street, daughter of the deceased, as was her daily custom, went to her mother's home at 9 o'clock. Finding the doors all locked and failing to receive an answer to her calls, she sent for Mr. Austin and E. C. Segner. They burst in one of the doors. Dr. Reed, who was summoned immediately, said that death had probably taken place an hour and a half previously. Heart disease was the cause. There were no indications that she had suffered.

Mrs. Roseman was born in the canton of Berne, Switzerland, in June, 1826. Her maiden name was Marie Rener. Her marriage to George Roseman occurred in Berne in 1853. In the same year they came to Massillon, where they spent the remainder of their lives. Mr. Roseman died in February, 1898. The children are William Roseman, John Roseman and Mrs. James Austin, of Massillon; Mrs. Thomas Austin and Edward Roseman, of Cleveland. Mrs. Roseman was a member of St. John's Evanfielical church and of the Ladies' Society. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 2 o'clock and at the church at 2:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, the Rev. J. E Digel officiating.

PETER SMITH.

Peter Smith, aged 76 years, died at his home in North alley, Saturday evening, after a seven months' illness, of heart trouble. Mr. Smith was born in Germany, was a miner by occupation and had resided in Massillon six years. He is survived by a wife and three children. The funeral took place from St. Mary's church this morning.

FRANK RAYMOND BARKEY.

Frank Raymond Barkey, aged two years, son of Mrs. Nancy Barkey, of 82 North Erie street, died Monday morning, of cholera infantum. The body will be taken to Smithville for burial.

PEARL MAY WILLIAMS.

EAST GREENVILLE, Aug. 21.—Pearl May Williams, whose death occurred on Saturday, of membranous croup, was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Williams, and was ten years old. The funeral took place today.

A FIGHT AT TURKEYFOOT.

Campers and Country Boys Spill Each Other's Blood.

TURKEYFOOT LAKE, Aug. 21.—The New Berlin band held a concert and picnic at this place yesterday. A free-for-all fight took place in the evening between campers and country boys. John Miller, of Akron, after knocking out three men, was himself put out by a Greentown man, who used his teeth with better effect than his fists. One of Miller's fingers was so badly bitten that amputation may be necessary.

HAS ACCEPTED.

The Rev. G. W. Lose will be Installed as Pastor of Faith Chapel.

The Rev. G. W. Lose, formerly of Avalon, Pa., has accepted the call extended to him by the congregation of Faith Lutheran chapel. The installation services will take place September 3, the Revs. L. H. Burry, of Massillon, and B. F. Schillinger, of Canal Fulton, officiating. The new pastor preached two sermons in the chapel, Sunday, and made an excellent impression upon his hearers.

Washing with any other soap than Fels-Naptha, even one week, is a waste of the cost of a month's supply; more too.

5c, and money back.

Fels & Co, makers, Philadelphia.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

The News of Newman, Dalton and Mt. Eaton.

ECHO OF THE PRIMARIES.

A Correspondent Gives the Reason for the Large Vote in the Youngstown Hill Precinct—A Harness Thief at Dalton.

NEWMAN, Aug. 23.—Robert Ralston, jr., received a two-year certificate at the recent county examination for teachers.

The East Greenville picnic last Saturday attracted a large number of Newman friends.

About a dozen Newmanites drove to Turkeyfoot lake last Thursday and had an enjoyable time. They made their headquarters at the tent of Brother Powell, who enjoyed a ten-day camping life.

George W. Myers spent part of last week at his old home in Carroll county. He is again at his post of duty on the Morganthaler farm.

Mrs. Mary Williams, of Canal Fulton, circulated among her many Newman friends last week.

Mrs. John Sadler and Mrs. Jennie Reese are in attendance at the Baptist Wooster district annual association held this year at New Philadelphia.

The employes of the Massillon Stone & Fire Brick Company will give another ice cream festival on Saturday evening for the benefit of Mrs. Lewis and family. Everybody welcome.

Miss Flo Kitt, of New Baltimore, O., who is enjoying a month's vacation with her parents in Canal Fulton, was the guest of Miss Margaret Findley, Wednesday of last week.

The Democratic primary election held in this precinct last Saturday was a tame affair, very little interest being manifested. Twelve votes were polled, three of them being Republicans, while the Democratic central committeeman claims he had six Republicans who took the oath of allegiance to support the Democratic ticket. How far this is true we are not at liberty to say. This much can be said, however, that Peter Smith, of Massillon, has some warm friends in this vicinity. The old-time tactics were again brought into play, and it required an eight-gallon keg of beer to secure as many votes as were recorded. We failed to learn definitely who furnished the money for the beer, but it is supposed that the finger marks of Johnnie McLean are visible in the deal.

MT. EATON NEWS.

MT. EATON, Aug. 23.—Our band played for a reunion in Tuscarawas county, Saturday, and for a festival near Maysville in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wampler visited friends near West Brookfield, Sunday.

Mrs. Louis Stauffer died Monday at 3 p. m. The funeral was held Wednesday at 2 p. m.

Dr. and Mrs. Penberthy were in Wheeling, Saturday.

J. D. Graber, Charles Bovin and Harry Mathoit arrived home Friday night, after a few days' visit in Akron.

John Loutzenheiser received a telephone message, Sunday, announcing the death of his father.

Our band has been engaged to play in Massillon one day during the street fair.

Dr. Graber's new house is nearing completion, the painters now being at work.

O. Fisher, of Barberton, was in town Saturday.

Christian Ruch, of Tennessee, is visiting in town, the guest of his brother, Jacob Ruch.

Harry Mathoit was in Wooster this week.

Prof. A. H. Etling, George B. Roth, P. F. Graber, C. S. Graber and the Misses Aura Schlafly and Nora Stair attended the teachers' institute at Wooster last week.

DALTON NEWS.

DALTON, Aug. 23.—Prof. T. W. Kimber, who attended the teachers' institute at Wooster last week, returned home on Saturday.

F. E. Horbach and Judson Harry were in Massillon on Monday.

About thirty young people from Sonnenburg and this place, gathered at the home of Mr. T. Bailey, on South Mill street last Saturday night.

Prof. and Mrs. H. H. Cully, of Cleveland, are visiting with friends and relatives.

Mrs. W. H. Hubbell was in Massillon on Monday.

Mrs. W. H. Sellars and Pearl Roebuck visited in Creston over Sunday.

Messrs. E. F. Scott, E. E. Sturgis, J. H. Stahl and Frank Willford played with the Creston band last Saturday night. There was a band encampment at that place and six bands were in attendance.

Mrs. Nettie Bowers and family, of Greenville, visited last week with her sisters, Miss Iva Welty and Mrs. C. S. Kelser. When she was about to start home on Monday night, she discovered that the barn had been entered by some person and the surrey harness was gone. The harness has just a new set and was valued at $25.

A social was given at Roebuck's hall last Monday night, in honor of P. S. Kelser and family, at which quite a number of people were present, and the evening was spent in a very enjoyable manner. The Misses Lottie Horbach, Mary Torbut and Annie McElhiney gave recitations, and E. E. Sturgis and sisters, Jo, Nettie and Luella sang, which was enjoyed by all.

REEDURBAN NOTES.

REEDURBAN, Aug. 21.—Miss Edith Floom, Miss Sadie Watters, the Misses Clara and Jennie Smith, Miss Edna Bonvalot and Miss Dora Jacquit, of Louisville, attended the farmers' annual picnic at Meyer's lake on August 16.

Miss Dora Jacquit, of Louisville, O., who is visiting Miss Edna Bonvalot, of Reedurban, attended the Russell's shop picnic on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs James N. Doxsee attended a banquet held at North Lawrence Wednesday, August 16.

ON THE CANAL.

The Dullest Season in Many Years.

THE COL. JARVIS SUNK.

Captain Roan Says She is Better Under Water Than Afloat when She has no Cargo—The Hess Company's Fleet—About the Dry Docks.

It is a very dull season on the canal. There are many boats for sale on this division, and there will be more if traffic does not soon take a turn for the better. Captain George Roan has sunk his Colonel Jarvis craft near the Walnut street docks, and he has no expectation of doing any work this fall. "I never saw it so dull," remarked he, yesterday. "There is really nothing doing. I did everything I could to stir up a little business, but it didn't go. It was not doing the barge any good to be lying there idle, so I put her under water."

There is some chance of improvement toward fall. The Hess Coal Company intends to run a fleet of five or more boats between this city and Navarre later in the year, when the demand for coal becomes great. The coal is to be stocked north of Main street in a yard that is to have a ten-foot fence. At present the coal is unloaded at the Canal street docks, where there is no building or fence of any sort. It is an easy matter to drive to the pile and load a few hundred pounds on a wagon, and the temptation has proved too strong for some people. Tons of coal have been stolen during the past several months.

Ex-Mayor McKisson's boat, which lay in Massillon for several weeks, has again gone north.

The Rosalie is now in dry dock, the hull being repaired and recaulked by John Fry. As soon as it is again afloat, the W. L. Stewart, recently purchased by the Hess Coal Company, will be sent in for repairs.

The St. Helena, in its day one of the best boats that ever floated on the canal, is now lying north of town without a captain. It is to be sold next week.

The stonework on the wasteway south of the Tremont street bridge has been completed, and men will shortly be put to work finishing the other parts. This wasteway will be of the best built and most modern on the canal.

A PRIVATE'S EXPERIENCES.

Henry Dulabahn Writes Home From Honolulu.

Henry Dulabahn, who recently enlisted in Company I, Nineteenth Infantry, has written the following letter, dated "At Sea, July 30," to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Dulabahn, of 38 Williams street:

"We are now about thirty hours from Honolulu. We started from 'Frisco on the twenty-fourth, and since we have been out have had a storm that lasted two days. We were all awfully sick. I am on the fire crew here on board ship. When the alarm is sent in I have to run to boat No. 7 and get it ready. Each boat holds 62 men. It is getting very tiresome aboard ship, and I am in a hurry to reach Manila. It will be 25 or 30 days before we get there. The boat we are on is the Tartar. It is an English boat, hired by our government. Most of the crew are Chinamen and Japanese, and they are all nice fellows. Sometimes a lot of us form a double line, and when one of them passes through we all stick our fingers in their ribs. You ought to see them jump and run then. The 'grub' is fair. Twenty men have deserted from our company since I joined it, and only one of them has been caught. So far we have only passed one ship."

With the foregoing was another letter, dated Honolulu, August 1. It says: "We arrived here this morning. I find it is one of the prettiest cities I was ever in. The streets are wide and well shaded with large trees. The houses are large and pretty with their big beds of flowers. The people are mixed. There are Americans, Portuguese, Japanese, Chinese and colored people. They all treat we American soldiers with respect. I was on shore this morning, and I am going again tomorrow morning. We stay here four days. One of the Americans here is going to lend me a mule, and we are going out to a big American plantation. The owner left word that only soldiers would be treated good. Rudy Bunk is getting along finely. He is out now some place in town. I don't think you will see me till my three years are up, as the headquarters of the Nineteenth have been moved to Manila for five years, and they are sure to stay that long."

Public Sale.

On Saturday, August 26, Agnes & Oakleaf will offer at public sale on the J. J. Grant farm, just west of Navarre, fifty head of cattle, consisting of fresh cows, springers, fat cattle, feeders and stock cattle, four well bred bulls, and 150 ewes and lambs. Sale to commence at 10 a. m. A credit of six months will be given. R. C. Foltz, auctioneer.

Cure Yourself

Of headache, constipation and biliousness by using Slusser's Vegetable Liver Pills. 35 pills for 25c.

OFFICIAL VOTE.

The Official Canvass is Completed.

SCHLAFLY'S PLURALITY 114

Henry W. Hossler, of Plain Township, Will Run for Treasurer—List of Delegates to the State Convention at Zanesville Next Week.

The committee appointed by the Democratic county committee to canvass the vote of the primaries met in the Jefferson club rooms in Canton at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, and by 2 o'clock in the afternoon had completed their work. The following members of the board were present: Jacob Reigner, of Canton; M. O. Shearer, Nimishillen township; H. M. Martin, Osnaburg; Frank Ewing, Lexington township; W. B. Oberlin, Tuscarawas township; J. J. Warstler, Marlboro; J. B. Fierstos, Jackson township; Thomas Leahy, Plain township; Fred Mackaman, Sandy township. In several instances the contests were very close, and the candidates and their friends were kept guessing until the canvass was completed. No name was printed on the ticket for county treasurer, but many voters filled in the blank with the name of Squire Henry W. Hossler, of Plain township, and he has been declared the nominee. Following is the vote:

For representative—M. M. Bauer, 1,574; Dr. G. B. Cock, 1,134; E. S Deford, 1,263; Gotleib Eicher, 801; Frank A. Fisher, 846; William Morgan, 1,914; W. J. Piero, 713; J. G. Warwick, 1,361; Ed. J. Walker, 1,291.

For probate judge—John K. Bowers, 2,007; P. J. Collins, 1,640.

For prosecutor—Atlee Pomerene, 3,820.

For sheriff—C. C. Card, 905; Louis Elsass, 243; Emmet Morgan, 306; E. E. Osborn, 450; Frank B. Schlafly, 1,292; Peter Smith, 1,178.

For commissioner—Ed. J. Meyer, 1,870; Joseph D. Miller, 1,720.

For infirmary director—Elson Vandegrift, 3,818.

For treasurer—H. W. Hossler, 721.

The result of the election of delegates to the state convention, which is to held at Zanesville Monday and Tuesday next, is very discouraging to ex-Mayor Rice and his friends, as it is claimed he did not secure a delegate from his own city. Rice claims he will have a majority of the delegation when he goes into the convention, but his opponents only concede him seven out of the nineteen, and say that these will desert him after a complimentary vote or two, eventually casting their votes for Sherwood. A complete list of the delegates follows:

Bethlehem and Sugarcreek townships—Rev. E. N. Ernst

Perry township—Cyrus Smith.

Nimishillen township—A. F. Juilliard.

Massillon—Frank Rastetter, E. J. Creedon.

Canton—John E. Monnot, Rhodes I. Gregory, Arthur Turnbull, Joseph Munter, jr., Henry Harbert, I. N. Booth.

Canton township—Ed. S. Raff.

Plain and Jackson townships—W. J. Evans.

Alliance and Lexington townships—B. F. Weybrecht, C. C. Weybrecht.

Marlboro and Lake township—Ed. N. Sweltzer.

Paris and Washington townships—H. H. Hart.

Osnaburg, Sandy and Pike townships—George Hoover.

Lawrence and Tuscarawas townships—Daniel Harmon.

The Myer's School Reunion.

Arrangements for the second annual meeting of the Myer's School Reunion Association, to be held on the old school grounds on Thursday, August 31, are about completed, and the members of the executive committee can assure all who attend a most pleasant day. The exercises will commence promptly at 9:30 a. m., and the programme as arranged will furnish ample satisfaction to old and young. An old-fashioned game of corner ball, played by young old fellows who were experts thirty-five years ago, will be a leading feature. There will be baseball games, foot races for boys and girls, wheelbarrow and bicycle races, etc., and music by the East Greenville band all day long. A. Y. Gordon, president, and C. A. Krider, secretary, have been tireless in their efforts to make the meeting a success, and have been ably seconded by the members of the various committees.

NATURAL GAS.

Notice to the Citizens of Massillon.

In order to introduce into all homes in the city of Massillon, in the shortest possible time, the use of natural gas The East Ohio Gas Company will give a discount from the present fixed rates of five cents for each one thousand cubic feet of gas used for domestic purposes during the year commencing July 1st, 1899, and ending July 1st, 1900. As the company is making all house connections at actual cost of materials and labor, it believes that this saving in the price of gas will go largely towards the expense of piping the houses, and will give the company the advantage of having every citizen (even the poorest) as a consumer; thus affording to all the best and cheapest fuel. To encourage the use of gas by manufacturers special rates will be given on application at the office.

EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY,
E STRONG, President.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

The specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, stomach, liver, is Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

A DULL SESSION.

RENNES, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—The trial of Captain Dreyfus today was devoid of special interest, no facts of importance having been brought out by the witnesses examined. M. Labori was again present.

Esterhazy's evidence before the court of cassation was read in his absence. Certain matters of his were also read, showing he had written to the president of the republic, threatening to appeal to the emperor of Germany to defend his honor. General Boisdeffre violently denied the statements made by Esterhazy.

TO OUST COMPANIES.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—Two hundred quo warranto suits have been filed against the Diamond Contract Company, of Chicago, and the Tontine Surety Company, of Detroit, on the ground that they have failed to file a certified copy of their charter, etc., as required by law. The supreme court is asked to oust the companies from doing business in the state.

WILLIAM OBJECTS.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—It is said that Captain Parker, skipper of Emperor William's yacht, the Meteor, asked permission to sail the Shamrock in the coming races in America and was flatly refused by the emperor, who told him to have nothing to do with American cup races. No reason was assigned by his Majesty.

GUERIN HOLDS THE FORT.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—M. Guerin and party still hold their fort. They have erected fresh barricades of chairs and tables, and have saturated them with petroleum, indicating their purpose to die rather than surrender. Firemen are constantly on duty outside the building.

KILLED BY ELECTRICITY.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—Two negroes were killed outright and many others burned and shocked while reconstructing an electric car line. The men placed a rail against a pole charged with a strong current of electricity. Those touching the rail were killed or badly shocked.

UNION VETERANS MEET.

DES MOINES, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—The present officers were re-elected by the national encampment of the Union Veterans. Miss Addie E. Johnson, of Fremont, O., in her annual report said the Women's Veteran Relief Union had doubled its membership during the past year.

A PANIC IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—Reports from southern Russia say that the uneducated masses are in a state of panic on account of the current belief of the early end of the world. Workmen are leaving factories to spend their last days at their native villages.

WILL LEAVE PLATTSBURG.

PLATTSBURG, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—General Merritt left today on a tour of inspection of the forts in New England. The president will leave for Pittsburg tomorrow evening, and will stop at Long Branch for a day or two as the guest of Vice President Hobart.

STILL RIOTING.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—The disturbances at Helversum continued last night. The mobs stoned the troops, and the cavalry charged with drawn swords. The infantry fired on the mob, killing one and wounding two.

COTTON CROP DESTROYED.

DALLAS, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—The hot winds of the past month have destroyed the cotton crop in Texas. There will not be over two million bales in the state.

NO AGREEMENT.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—The glass cutters and manufacturers' conference failed to reach an agreement.

"A Fair Outside Is a Poor Substitute For Inward Worth."

Good health, inwardly, of the kidneys, liver and bowels, is sure to come if Hood's Sarsaparilla is promptly used.

This secures a fair outside, and a consequent vigor in the frame, with the glow of health on the cheek, good appetite, perfect digestion, pure blood.

Catarrh—"I have had no return of the catarrh which troubled me for years, since Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me." MRS. JOE MARTIN, Washington St., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Dyspepsia—"Complicated with liver and kidney trouble, I suffered for years with dyspepsia, with severe pains. Hood's Sarsaparilla made me strong and hearty." J. B. EMERTON, Main Street, Auburn, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

First attraction of the season, Hoyt's "A Texas Steer" at the Armory on Thursday, August 31.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WORK OF THE SPYS.

ON THE FRONTIER BETWEEN GERMANY AND FRANCE.

They Take Their Own Risks, for Their Country Deserts Them—How He Writes His Reports—The Serrilance Around All Fortified Places.

Not a month passes but some spy is taken, French or German, on the Franco-German frontier. The case of the latest unfortunate man is typical Alfred Pinchon, twenty-six years old left the French army with the grade of adjutant. Well to do, he had no need to go spying Love of adventure and a patriotic ardor led him to it His father being in the leather business, Pinchon made his special knowledge of the trade his traveling excuse Making Nancy—where his father set him up a branch establishment—his centre, the young adventurer made frequent "business trips" into Alsace-Lorraine and Germany. Indeed, he was even on the point of concluding a contract with the German army when his mistress—a girl of Alsace of German sympathies—betrayed him. It is true that nowadays spies are not

Arrest of Alfred Pinchon.

shot in time of peace, and Pinchon is not likely to get more than five years imprisonment. But even this is a dear price to pay for patriotic effort. The French President has just pardoned General Giletta, condemned for the same offense Such clemency, however, is exceptional. Spies—patriotic or merely mercenary—take their own risks.

The ordinary spy work on this most jealous of all frontiers is peculiarly systematic A month or two in advance the French Etat Major communicates a programme to the spy with maps necessary to the execution of his work, maps prepared by the German government which have arrived in France through traitorous channels. If work has already been done in the region full details of it are communicated to the spy.

His Country Deserts Him

When he is perfect, officers of the famous Second Bureau put him through a rigorous examination. Several adresses, both in France and Germany, to which he must send his correspondence, are given to him, and he is recommended to change them to avoid suspicion. German gold and notes are given to him. Then they say, "God save you, for we cannot." And so he departs, well knowing that if caught his government will do nothing for him. Indeed, it will deny him. It will say, "We do not know this man. He must be a mercenary volunteer adventurer, hunting information to sell to us. Treat him as he deserves."

On the other hand, they leave the spy free to choose his own means to execute the work assigned to him. He takes orders from no one. He makes no account of his expenses. He must even forge his own false papers. Some time in advance he has worked up a fictitious identity, and if his government gives him a passport, it is only to be used in cashing postal orders and satisfying hotel keepers. The moment the police demand his papers he must burn the passport. Nowadays when passports are demanded so seldom of mere tourists, the spy will content himself with a few letters that have come through the mail to him He will have had these letters sent on to a prearranged German address a few months before A life insurance policy taken out under the assumed name is also valuable.

The spy reaches Germany and stops in the large town nearest to the field of operations There his first care is to consult the doctors as to a good air cure, or a bath or springs Suppose his business is to report on the roads, bridges and resources of a mountainous district He will need the air cure Eliminating one by one the uninteresting districts he at last causes the physician to indicate the spot that he has chosen The good physician, always anxious of his commission, gladly recommends him to a proper pension There, wandering about the hills, his story is "I came to X—— in search of a tranquil mountain village for the air cure Dr Y—— recommended me to come here. If the climate suits me, I shall stay a month"

From the first moment the spy begins to make acquaintances with people whose trade causes them to go upon the roads, mule drivers, carters, country doctors, priests and forest keepers. Under the pretext of needing exercise, he walks with them and talks with them and treats them to good beer and cheese, as every tourist does. Seen in such company he is less likely to be looked on with suspicion. For note taking he has nothing but a pencil and a packet of cigarette papers.

What He Jots Down.

Certainly the first quality of a good spy is that of knowing how to see and then remember. A crooked line and a few words traced hastily on a cigarette paper must recall the outline of an earthworks. Hills, footpaths, springs, rich-looking farm houses bridges must be seen at a glance and indicated on the little piece of flimsy paper. He must indicate the crops of the neighborhood; the characteristics of small villages; the lodging capacity of churches and other public buildings; the number of bakers, butchers and grain dealers; the situation of blacksmith shops and the condition of roads It is easy to understand, for example, the interest attaching to a bridge. The enemy, in retreating, would not hesitate to blow it up. The spy must indicate how long a time it would take to repair it.

His day finished, the spy must secretly, in his bedroom, write his report and post it to one of the seemingly interesting addresses furnished him by the Etat Major—"Mlle. Lucie Vasseur, 45 Rue Breda," this may be his lady love; or "Schmidt & Heckel, wine merchants, Bercy," this may be a business letter; or "Dr. George Pinchon, 67 Rue Lafitte," this may be to his family physician. The letter mailed and every scrap of paper burned, the spy may sleep in peace—one night.

If he imagines he is followed or suspected he must stop work instantly and even leave the country. In such case he returns to Paris, where he finds at the Etat Major, carefully gathered together, all the letters he has addressed to his fictitious correspondents. Aided by maps and the work of his predecessors in the field, it is his busines to compose an up-to-date report on the region he has visited. Each little counts. Each month the Minister of War is just a little better informed on details that—when the great scientific European war breaks out—may win or lose a battle, a campaign, a peaple's destiny.

Such work may seem easier than it is in fact. Along the country roads, alone, with not a man in sight, the fear of being watched makes the most innocent note taking a courageous exploit. Not to speak of country police gamekeepers, foresters and patrol—whose chance appearance may cause him to destroy a morning's work—each simple passer-by becomes an object of suspicion. The surveillance around all fortified places is so severe as to render going near them a real peril. Men have been shot inside forbidden ground at dusk without an opportunity to say what they were doing.

No legend is more popular in Europe than that of the aristocratic German or French officer, who, in disguise, obtains work as a mason or a carpenter inside the fort he wishes to observe. Yet few think of the practical impossibility of such a feat. How shall such men know the trades, the slang, the social customs and prejudices of foreign artisans. How can they talk of their lelatives, their home village, and the place they worked last? Most of this talk is romance pure and simple. For such intimate description every European government depends on—money! The spy makes acquaintance with some non-commissioned officer who seems to be going wrong. He tempts the latter to make drawings of the fort wherein he has his duty. He makes cunning arguments. He does not ask the fellow to betray his country. "What difference will one small drawing make? Besides, here is the money."

Case of Luck.

Nevertheless, I have heard of instances of foreign officers penetrating fortified places in disguise. One was a Prussian lieutenant operating in Poland, where he pretended to be a hydraulic engineer in search of employment. He had been instructed to report upon a line of railway projected at a certain point in Poland. En route, perceiving he was watched, he jumped the train and made off for a woods that lay at a short distance;

Trouble on the Frontier.

but he was soon caught by the pursuers. Of course he had a story ready for the Russian police. He was buying wood and wished to inspect the forests of the neighborhood. On this they answered that there were no forests in the neighborhood, and that he must accompany them to the police station of the nearest town. To this he objected, protesting that he had been informed of a vast amount of timber cut and stored near there. The Russian policemen admitted that such was the case—much to his satisfaction—but insisted on arresting him in spite of it. They marched him off; but soon, at a cross-roads, the Russians stopped to hold a consultation. Then—lucky chance—they changed direction and walked to a fort he had not dreamed of being able to get into. It was luck—pure luck.

THE ORCHARD.

Pay Packers of Tree Fruit by the Day They Will Do Less Damage to the Fruit

For the average farm, fifty apple trees make a nice-sized orchard. If the trees are planted about thirty feet apart each way they will occupy about an acre of ground.

Pay packers of tree fruit by the day; they will do less damage to the trees than if engaged "by the piece."

An orchard in early May covered with crimson clover in bloom, is a beautiful sight. For orchards buy potash and phosphoric acid in bags but grow your nitrogen, that is, if you have to buy your fertilizer. The clover may be sown this month or next.

Packages of peaches, plumbs and cherries sell best when "faced." Leave the stems of cherries on but turn them under so as not to show. Cherries so treated will sell better than where the stems show, even if the package be otherwise of good appearance.

It often occurs that wild fruit will spring up along fence rows and prove of no account. It is not uncommon to find such trees chopped out as worthless, when a dozen or two grafts set on each one would have made a valuable lot of trees of them. In still another way grafting is of great service.. It often occurs that seedlings of fruits are raised, which it is desired to prove as quickly as possible.

An apple orchard can be used in several ways. A successful grower states that on his orchard he raises apples, poultry, eggs, grass and pork. He allows the hogs to work in the orchard eating the fallen fruit, while his poultry house sets in the centre. In estimating the receipts and expenses he credits the land with all that it produces, and says that the orchard pays more than any other portion of the farm.

It is a beautiful idea, that of planting fruit trees along the public roads, as is a popular custom in some countries. A wayfarer has a peach perhaps, and after eating it, instead of throwing away the seed as we do, he makes a little hole in the earth by the rodeside and drops it in. Very likely one motion of his heel makes the hole, and a sweep of his foot covers it. Only a moment's time is required, and it may be the act has become so much of a kindly custom that it does not occur to him to do otherwise. But it means another fruit tree for the public, under which in a few years other wayfarer may stop and gather at will.

Horse Talk.

Never drive a horse fast on a full stomach.

Hold them in slower than they wish to go the first three or four miles, then begin to give them their heads a little more and you will finish your twenty or thirty miles in astonishing time and fine condition.

Hurry by going slowly at first.

The half hackney colts are developing into magnificient horses, and, oh! what roadsters.

Fine, light, springy acting, they seem to tread on air.

There is a place for them. They have attracted attention already.

Go, doubter, and do likewise, but be sure your mare has some good blood.

Don't attempt it with an old blemished scrub, weak and faulty in every joint.

If the colt's mouth is sore be careful or you may develop some bad habit.

Bathe the mouth with something sothing, tincture of myrrh is good.

Don't allow the harness to chafe any part of the body. A pin in a collar pad once made a colt balky, and it required weeks of patient work to overcome the result of a moment's carelessness.

Do not neglect to carry the light woolen blanket with you. It may save your horse a severe cold. It pays to be thoughtful in these ways.

When horses are working in the excessive heat of July, fasten a large sponge wet in cold water on top of the head. Keep this wet during the heat of the day.

Take a small barrel or tub of water with a floating top to the field with you and give the horses a few swallows now and then.

They will be as grateful for the refreshing draught as you are yourself.

Food for Chickens.

At the Indiana Experiment Station skim-milk has been tested for two years as a food for chickens. In both cases there were two pens of chicks, each contaaining the samae number, and each lot having the same total weight. The same mixture of solid food was supplied to both, the only difference being that one flock had water only to drink, and the other had in addition all the milk they would consume.

The trial lasted six weeks. The water drinkers gained seven and three-quarters pounds, while the milk drinkers gained nearly fifteen pounds. The food cost of producing a pound of chicken without milk was four and a half cents, and with it three and a half cents. The lot with milk to drink consumed ten pounds more solid food than those that drank water.

We quote below two points in the conslusion reached from the experiments: "Skim-milk is a valuable food for chickens. Whether fed with a balanced ration or with green food, its influence is very great in securing increased weight and in maintaining the general health of the fowls.

"The addition of skim-milk to the ration increases the profit by decreasing the cost of the ration and by securing greater returns from the other foods given, especially when the chickens are young and confined in pens or small yards."

Details are given in bulletin No. 76 Purdue University, La Fayette, Ind.

WAIT for the GREAT

Massillon Merchants'

STREET FAIR

September 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Grand Industrial Parade at 10 a. m., Monday, Sept 4.

Nearly a Mile of the Finest Displays Ever Exhibited by any Fair or Carnival.

THE MIDWAY

Entrance to which is free, possesses more attractions than have ever been offered at a street fair.

Hassan Ben Ali's Troupe of Arabs, with Trained Elephants and Camels.

20 Akimoto's Troupe of Japs 20

The Best Troupe now Traveling, and booked for the Paris Exposition in 1900, under the management of Paul La Ponte, with a Cuban band of twenty pieces.

Coney Island Vaudeville Co.,

Composed of Fourteen Beautiful Actresses, who are at the head of their profession.

MILLIE-CHRISTINE

The Double Woman—a winsome little lady whom you will be pleased to meet.

Sherry Bros. Working World

An entire city at work, and unquestionably the Greatest Mechanical Wonder of the age.

BOSCO THE SNAKE EATER.

He was captured in Africa in 1871 by Captain Anderson, where he had been living on reptiles. He has in the cage with him 300 snakes of all sizes and varieties, and will eat some of them in the presence of spectators.

THE LONDON MYSTERY

Or the Half Woman. She has been exhibited before all the crowned heads of Europe, and is now making her first tour of America.

THE ANIMATED PICTURES

Representing scenes in the Spanish-American War, will be an interesting feature of the Midway,

Last but not least

THE GERMAN VILLAGE

Near the main entrance, where you can hear the famous Sutterlate's Tyrolean Singers Sam Rollins will have charge of the German Village—a guarantee that all who attend will be well served and receive courteous treatment.

BALLOON ASCENSIONS DAILY

Under the direction of Prof. Grace Shannon, balloon ascensions will be made at 10 a. m. and 8 p. m., with parachute leap. At the night ascension the aeronaut will discharge a fine display of fireworks while in midair.

FIVE BANDS OF MUSIC EACH DAY OF THE FAIR

Remember place and date

MASSILLON SEPTEMBER 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Excursion Rates on all Railroads Entering the City.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BLACK LORIS.

A Cossack Tradition.

Spurs jingle and lances shine;
A hundred brave horsemen in line;
Gay voices ring as they merrily sing,
For why should true hearts repine?
The pathway is level and balmy the air,
Their bosoms unruffled by shadow of care;
The sun has but reached its meridian height,
"Twenty versts farther on we shall slumber to-night."
When, crash! from the thickets that border the way
Bursts a hailstorm of bullets in death-dealing spray;
In front a wall rises of turban-crowned foes,
And half of the sotnia fall 'neath their blows.
But still, with teeth set and a joyous hurrah!
With lances at rest and a cheer for the Czar,
Charge fifty brave horsemen in line!

Oh, fatal the rifle's crack!
Ten heroes fight back to back.
And each lance-thrust brings down in the dust
A wolf from the howling pack.
How the yelping curs in myriads swarm!
Ten new foes rise from each prostrate form,
They drop from the trees, they spring from the ground
Till a blaze of scimeters flashes around—
The ten are scattered; they seem to be
Like derelict barks in an angry sea.
But never a Cossack was known to yield
While his arm a sabre or lance could wield;
Oh, weep their valor by distant Don,
The waves are engulfing them one by one!
But two remain back to back!

His comrade sinks down with a groan—
Black Loris is fighting alone.
His eyeballs glazed and his senses dazed,
And his arms as heavy as stone.
"Surrender!" a hundred harsh voices demand;
For answer he sabres the chief of the band;
But his arm is shivered in twain—he feels
The earth swim round him—he gasps—he reels—
And gleam on his vision old scenes afar.
As he gasps in a dream a last cheer for the Czar!—
Was it echo, that sonorous answering peal?
No! No! there's a rattle of hoof and of steel!
Black Loris is not alone!

No tears for the ninety-nine—
The nation's heart is their shrine;
But Glory s bays and the Emperor's praise
For the one man left of the line!
The Don's deep waters will long be dried,
And stemmed the flow of the Ural's tide,
The strength and glory of Russia depart,
The Cossack know cowardice reign in his heart
Ere Muscovite legions shall cease to tell
Of dashing Loris, who fought so well,
Whose comrades tore him from out the grave,
Whose medal the Emperor's own hands gave—
And for years to come, when trotting along
Ural and Don, men will sing this song—
"The One and the Ninety-nine"

BACK TO THE OLD HOME.

Such a dear old home it was! Nestling down in an old-fashioned garden, with an orchard full of weather-beaten apple trees behind it, while an outer circle of ancient cedars drew up about it like faithful guardians, the low, white house, with its broad wings, made you think of a mother bird brooding over her well-filled nest. But the nestlings were all gone now, had wandered far from the old house, which seemed to them shabbier and more cramped every time they came back for a visit.

Only grandma clung to it closer and closer as the years went by. When the busy sons and fashionable daughters called it lonely, and the grandchildren wondered over its queer little cuddy holes, and remarked with open contempt upon the stiff old furniture and tiny-paned windows, the old lady listened and said nothing, but her heart throbbed with pain as though she had heard the maligning of some dear friend.

"They don't, of course, know," she thought, excusing them in her gentle way. "Though to other eyes it may seem poor and old-fashioned, to me it never can be so, for it is the first, the only home I ever had." And after the sad, tender manner of the old, who only have a happy past and empty present without a luring future here, she fell a-dreaming of by-gone times, when her faithful John had brought her a bride to this dear home, which seemed so grand and beautiful then, after an orphaned childhood and girlhood without a settled home.

How could it ever seem lonely and humble to her, when it was so rich in a thousand happy, blessed associations? Had not she and John planted that very mountain ash together? Had not that been John's favorite rose bush? And could the rooms ever seem empty and cramped to her, when every nook and corner spoke to her sometimes of the living or the dead, as eloquently as tongue could do?

Here was where she used to sit and watch the fire on winter evenings, rocking the cradle with her foot, while she toasted the bread John liked brown to a shade. This dark spot on the worn floor was where Baby May had turned the ink over while she sat writing to the soldier father far away, where the Potomac rolled its bloody waters. And here beside the centre-table, on which lay the well thumbed family Bible, she had knelt and prayed for twenty years with John, prayed with her little ones in tearful grief when he was gone, prayed for them when they slipped from her arms out into the world, and where she still nightly bent her stiff, old knees to pray for them and theirs.

Grandma only loved the old house better as the years rolled by, but when old Phoebe, who had been half servant, half companion to the old lady, died, it was decided in family council that she must really make up her mind to live with one or the other of them, and it was out of all question her remaining in that gloomy old house all alone.

So one sad day, overpowered by the sons and daughters, who meant to be kind, grandma went softly to and fro over the old house, taking leave of it all, and the last of the farewells was the visit paid to the two mounds under the oak, where John slept and the first-born little son. Then, with a feeling that the world had come to an end, grandma drove away to the fine big residence—they don't call them homes now—where Henry and Henry's wife, who, for all her kindness, rather overpowered grandma with her fine ways, had given her a stately room, and, what was most dreadful, a maid! A maid that called her "Madam," and for "Yes" said "Oui!"

Yes, they meant to be kind to her, but the gray stone pile and the maid gave the old lady the feeling that she was in an asylum and had a keeper, and in spite of all her grandeur, grandma's wrinkled cheeks lost their soft pink, like that of a half-withered rose, and she grew feeble and worn, though every one was so busy that it passed unnoticed. She was pining for the old home, though she felt it would be ungrateful to say so, and somehow to pray in the magnificent church, where she sat in a velvet-cushioned pew, did not seem to give her help, for God was not close to her, she thought, as he used to be when she knelt at home If she could only go back and tell her friend all about it, just once, kneeling where John seemed to come and join her! This feeling grew and grew though as there was no one to tell it to, she shut it up in her own lonely heart.

One morning the French maid came running down to the family with great excitement in her dark face, and in broken English informed them that "Madam had slept not in her couch, nor could Celeste find her anywhere though she search, she search everywhere!"

Then Henry recollected all at once that he had rather neglected his mother lately. Mrs. Henry forgot her "cultured" calmness and joined in the search, weeping bitterly. Jane came running in with reproaches for herself and all the others. Joe left his desk for once and set telegraph wires to work, and confusion and grief reigned supreme, while the sons and daughters found their minds wandering back to childhood and "mother," as they had not done for years, and I think they learned over again, and far more perfectly, the lesson of filial love.

Hours passed, and no news came of the missing, and fears grew graver and stronger, till at last Henry, walking the floor in anxiety, exclaimed suddenly, as the idea struck him, "She's gone home!" and running to a drawer in his desk, where keys of every size and form lay bunched and singly, he turned them hastily over.

"Yes, the key is gone, and she has wandered back home. I'm sure of it Why we did not think of it before I cannot think. Oh, mother! you never wanted to leave it, the dear, dear old house where we were born, and which sheltered us all so faithfully. And we dragged you from it, selfish dolts!"

Too impatient to wait for trains not due for hours, they set off across the country in carriages. As they drew near the old house they found news of the lost one. She had passed only an hour before, plodding wearily along the familiar road, so with lightened hearts they went on.

Leaving carriage and horse at the village, they followed the rest of the way on foot. When they came to the swinging white gate through the wet grass they saw a pathway trodden by one who had visited the long mound, with the tiny one beside it, under the oak, but they also saw that she had gone thence to the house. So, weeping softly, and not ashamed of the tears either, the party tip-toed like children up the low, wide steps, through the hall, and paused reverently at the door, with remorseful hearts that longed to tell that gentle old mother, as they had once done over some childish disobedience, that they "were sorry, mother."

The stillness in the old house grew oppressive while they stood uncertain, and, though they listened, there was no faint footfall as of one going about after the fashion of one just getting home. They pushed softly open the door of the old sitting-room, and there, with her white head on the open Bible and a smile of joy and peace upon her dead face, knelt grandma, who had gone home to find a welcome from her John already there. — Philadelphia Times.

Eminent Dancers.

Here is the proper place to observe that dancing has a bearing on the development of the social order. The medicine men or priests gain and retain political and social powers through their skill in leading the dance. According to Mr. Beckwith, "the high priest in the religious ceremonies of the Dakotas is invariably a chief who, through these dances, retains his influence in the tribe." Thus, dancing gives sanction to the powers of the chief, and is one of the necessary qualifications for the office. It is thus associated with position and rank.

In the Vedic age, 2000 B. C., before the rigid division of casts, the priests were leaders of the dance at festivals Later on they became all powerful Brahmans. The Homeric chiefs were distinguished dancers. Lucian says that Troy was taken, Zeus was saved and Ariadne ruined by a dance. And David led the dance before the ark The ancients regarded dancing as a necessary accomplishment. Socrates learned the art in his old age, while Plato, in his commonwealth, advocated the establishment of dancing schools The Romans celebrated their victories and pastoral festivals by elaborate dances. They excelled in pantomime dances, from which the ballet was evolved. The Emperor Domitian forbade the Senators to dance, and for so doing removed several members from the Senate. Grave statesmen and politicians of high degree have excelled in the latest of the arts. Both Sully and Cardinal Richelieu were expert dancers. Think of the august Cardinal paying his court to Anne of Austria by performing a saraband before her in jester's dress of green velvet, with bells on his feet and castanets in his hands!

On the Mountain Top.

Much has been written about the spectre of the Brocken—the highest summit of the Hartz Mountains in Germany It was to the Brocken that Mephistopheles took Faust on Walpurgis night, which corresponds to our Hallowe'en. The so-called spectre, though startling, springs from perfectly natural causes, like others of less renown. An observatory has been built near the point where the spectre is to be seen to the best advantage. You no sooner step out upon the little platform to the south of the tower than your shadow, gigantic in size, is projected against the eastern sky, where it is seen to flit swiftly from place to place, accurately following your every motion. It is only in the evening, just before sunset, that it can be seen at all. The explanation of this atmospheric phenomenon is very simple. To the east of the Hartz Mountains there is always a very hazy atmosphere, so dense that it presents a surface capable of receiving the impression of an object, and reflecting its shadow. So, therefore, when the sun gets around to the west, the shadows of all objects which are near enough to the wall of atmospheric particles are projected upon the wall.

Tacks.

A machine for making tacks was patented in 1806, but not put into practical use until near the middle of the century. Now the world consumes 50,000,000 tacks a day.

A fat pocketbook is a great tonic

THE CLUB CRAZE.

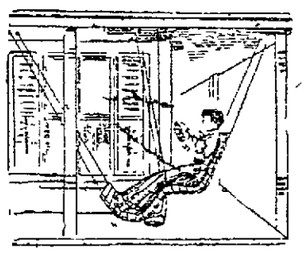
The World Seems to be Running Wild Over Club Organizations.

The world seems to be running mad over club organizations, men hasten home from their daily duties to the luxuries of the club-room. Women forget their sweet heritage of reigning supreme in their own kingdom—their homes—and full of enthusiasm of clubdom the homely duties, such as cooking food, darning stockings and other duties to make the home attractive, are passed over to the servant, or servants, who thus becomes the ruling power, and she who is vertibly mistress in name only hies to her club to "speechify" perhaps on the horrors of the continued warfare carried on in the Philippines at the present time. All are impressed by the sadness of the present existing conditions in the Philippines, but would it not be better to allow the men to shoulder the burden of righting these conditions and thus win back more of their protection as of yore, rather than continue this shoulder to shoulder push by both sexes for offices of all kinds.

The very air is freighted with club and ruling fevers, even the children catch it. Several children not far from babyhood in a certain village have formed an organization which they call "The United States Club." An impromptu club-room has been fitted up in the apple-bis in the cellar of one of the childrens' home. The walls have been whitened, lanterns hung for light, carpet spread on the floor and an improvised curtain serves as door: several small pictures adorn the walls. Here each juvenile member hastens as soon as his evening meal is over. This thing will go on until some small cloud arises on the horizon of the apple-bin and causes its dissolution. We fear that, like many other organizations, The United States Club will only leave on having exister record. The solemn duties of each member is to keep his lamp clean and in turn the floor. Can it be possible the boys of the coming generation have an insight of the days that are to come and are schooling themselves in feminine arts and thus prevent imergencies. How the dear little mothers of long ago would be shocked at the progressive condition of club life. When and where will it cease? And where in the years to come will be the beautiful pieces of embroidery, dainty bits of lace and delicately tinted pictures which we womei of to-day prize so highly? With our better knowledge and enlarged opportunities on every hand we should leave a much larger assortment, but women must first learn to rule in their own kingdoms and leave clubs alone.

Accessories of the Porch.

The house without a porch, is lacking in one of the most important accessories of comfort in the warm weathen. There is style in the furnishings of a veranda as well as any other part of the house, but there are many new appliances this year which, if we disregard style entirely are nevertheless valuable on account of the added comfort which they provide.



The old fashioned hammock was not the most comfortable couch to lie in and it has been improved by those of the newer kind which do not draw together at the ends nor sink so wretchedly in the middle. Here is a swinging porch chair which is seen on some verandas. It is inexpensive and the comfort which it affords is worth ten times its cost.

A Lesson in Marketing.

Good beef should be bright red when it is first cut and thics red flesh should be well marbled with yellowish fat, with a thick layer of fat on the outside. If it does not present this appearance you may be quite sure either that the ox was not well fatted, or was too young, or was not in good condition. The flesh should be firm, and no mark should be left when it is pressed with the finger. The suet should be dry and crumble easily.

The first step in demonstration is to cut the beef into the hind and fore quarters. The hind quarter contains the finest and most expensive cuts of the meat. Here are found the sirloin, the tenderloin, the rump, and the round. The cheapest portioss of the hind quarter are the shin and the flank. In the fore quarter are the ribs, the shoulders, the skin, the rattle-round, and the brisket. The ribs are the top of the back nearest to the loin: in fact, they join it when the animal is whole. The first ribs are what are called the "prime" ribs; these are used for roasts or steaks; the next are the five chuck-ribs lying between the prime ribs and the neck; the meat is of a tougher quality than on the prime ribs, although they are used for the same purpose. The neck is used for beef teas, for stews, and for boiling. Below the rib cuts, running along the side of the animal, is the rattle-round. This is used for corning. The under part of the animal's body is called the brisket, and this also is used for corning. The shoulder is used for steaks and corning, though the less said about the tenderness of a shoulder steak the better. The shin, both from the front and back is used for soup and stock.—Woman's Home Companion.

Eczema! The Only Cure.

Eczema is more than a skin disease, and no skin remedies can cure it. The doctors are unable to effect a cure, and their mineral mixtures are damaging to the most powerful constitution. The whole trouble is in the blood, and Swift's Specific is the only remedy which can reach such deep-seated blood diseases.

Eczema broke out on my daughter, and continued to spread until her head was entirely covered. She was treated by several good doctors, but grew worse, and the dreadful disease spread to her face. She was taken to two celebrated health springs, but received no benefit. Many patent medicines were taken, but without result, until we decided to try S. S. S., and by the time the first bottle was finished, her head began to heal. A dozen bottles cured her completely and left her skin perfectly smooth. She is now sixteen years old, and has a magnificent growth of hair. Not a sign of the dreadful disease has ever returned.

H. T. SHORE,
2704 Lucas Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Don't expect local applications of soaps and salves to cure Eczema. They reach only the surface, while the disease comes from within. Swift's Specific

S.S.S. For The Blood

is the only cure and will reach the most obstinate case. It is far ahead of all similar remedies, because it cures cases which are beyond their reach. S. S. S. is purely vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no potash, mercury or other mineral.

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Makes pure blood—cures scrofula, erysipelas, pimples, boils, sore eyes, scald head—blood diseases of all forms. Here's proof:

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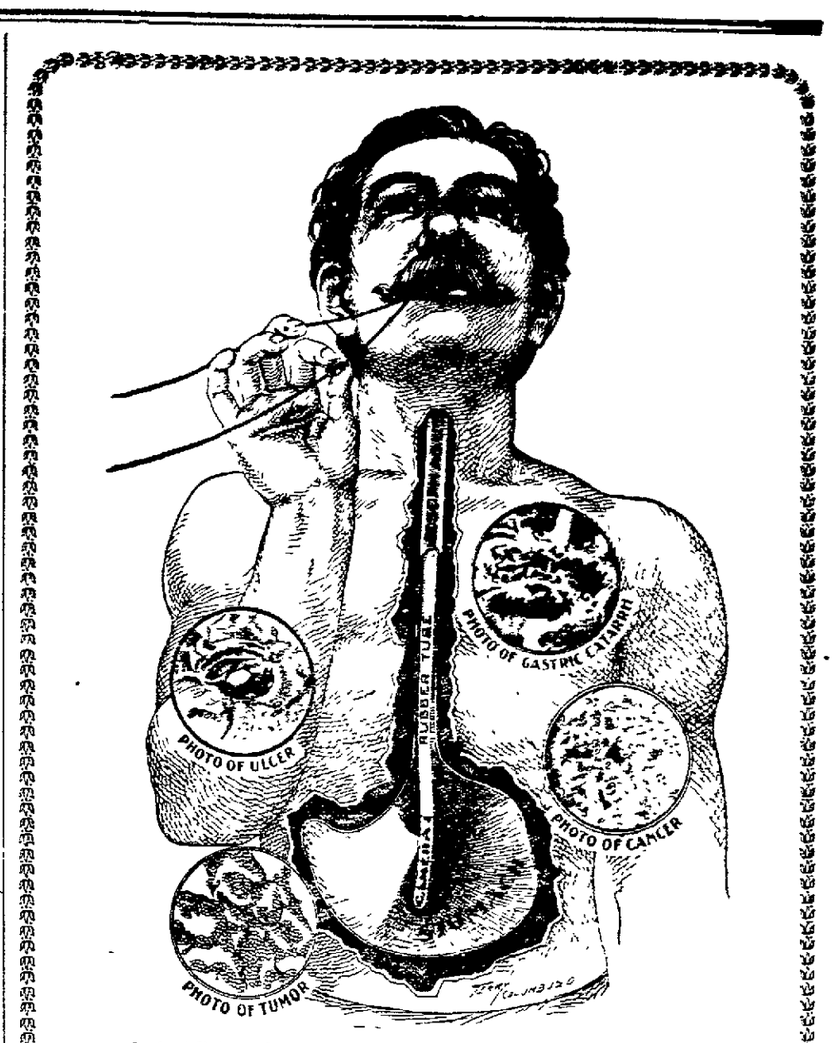
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists



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HAVE YOU STOMACH DISEASE?

Do you bloat?
Do you feel sick?
Is your tongue coated?
Are you nervous?
Do you belch up gas?
Are you constipated?
Does your stomach hurt?
Do you feel faint at times?
Do you cough up phlegm?
Do you have a weak, tired exhausted feeling?
Is there a full, dull heavy feeling in the stomach?
Do you have an empty "all gone" feeling at times?

If these are some of your symptoms you may be sure you have
CATARRH OF THE STOMACH.
Dr. Kutchin has a new and wonderful treatment discovered by himself, that cures this disease.

He Guarantees a Cure in Every Curable Case.
His Prices Are Within the Reach of All.

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COLUMBUS, OHIO.
He is a graduate of two of the leading medical colleges in America Licensed by the State of Ohio.

☞See him before it is too late, and this awful disease has made you an incurable wreck, or hurried you to an untimely grave.

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He has performed thousands of wonderful cures. There is hardly a community in the State of Ohio that can not point to some one strong and well who was once given up to die, but was cured and restored to friends and family by this skillful Specialist.

He ONLY treats CHRONIC DISEASES.

Eye and Ear, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Sick Headache, Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhoea, Fits, Piles, Gout, Diseases of Children, Liver Disease, Lost Manhood, Diseases of Women, Impotency, Varicocele.

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Large and Unrivalled Stock Exhibit.
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Cut this ad. out and send to us state whether you wish Gents' or Ladies' Bicycle, also color and gear wanted and we will send you this HIGH GRADE $40.00 1899 MODEL WAYMAN BICYCLE, by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of equal to boys' cycles that retail as high as $40.00, if worth it to you can sell it at $13.00 or not any pay to the express agent Our Special Close Out Offer Price, $13.75 and express charges less the $1.00 sent with order THE WAYMAN is covered by a binding guarantee strictly high grade two-piece hanger, best equipment, Columbus pneumatic tires, enameled black, green or maroon. YOU CAN MAKE $500.00 THIS YEAR SELLING WAYMAN BICYCLES AT $20.00 TO $25.00. ORDER TODAY. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
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FATEFUL NUMBER THIRTEEN.

Men Who Believe and Deny That Ill Luck Accompanies It.

"Bless my soul, if there isn't thirteen of us here," said Engineer DeGraw, of the Erie road, as he looked over the men in Kirk's restaurant at the Port Jervis depot, waiting for lunch.

"Yes, and this is the 13th of the month," interposed Warren Ridgeway.

Kirk, the hash slinger, was too busily engaged in making thirteen sandwiches to notice the remark.

"Coffee for thirteen," he roared to the boy.

"What are you fellows laughing at?" he asked as he turned to the thirteen fellows on the outside of the lunch counter. By this time Tommy Leard, the thirteen-year-old waiter, had set out the thirteen cups of coffee on the counter, and over the coffee the joke was explained.

"That is peculiar," retorted Kirk, "but I don't believe in this bad luck stuff connected with thirteen. If there was any truth in it I'd be out of business, for I have had more thirteen experiences than this whole gang of thirteen fellows could shake a stick at. Do you know that it is thirteen years since I started in business, on the 13th of December, and on a Friday, too?" he asked. "I remember distinctly that on the night of the first day I figured up the receipts to be $13."

"Kirk you're telling one of those stories of yours; what do you think we are?" inquired Dave McFall. In less than thirteen seconds Kirk had handed over the pile of thirteen books, each containing a year's cash receipts, and in thirteen seconds more had proved the truth of his statement. "As I was saying before somebody stopped me," continued Kirk, "I was anticipating some change in the building, and while I was figuring I discovered that there were thirteen windows in this place." The thirteen men turned and counted. "Just as true as gospel, that is," was the remark that came from each, and Kirk continued: "You'll be surprised when I tell you that the counter around which you are sitting is exactly thirteen feet long. It's exactly thirteen feet from the bottom to the gable of this lunch room."

"Have you ever had any bad luck, Kirk?" one of the most superstitious of the gang asked.

"No, I've been fortunate," he remarked, "and I think thirteen has served me as a mascot. I live at 13 Catherine street. I almost forgot to tell you that."

Pie was then out for thirteen and while eating it the talk drifted to railroad topics. The explosion of the boiler of one of the engines on the Lehigh and Hudson Railway, near Warwick, came up, and almost immediately some one remarked that the number of the engine was thirteen. Four men were killed in the disaster. The flying express, No. 13, turned the curve leading to the depot before the talk was finished, and the thirteen men turned to their separate stations in receiving the train, while Kirk made up another batch of twenty-six sandwiches for the passengers who might care for lunch.—New York Herald.

Perilous Steamboating.

The development of the great Northwest is sometimes attended with perilous incidents. The Rainy Lake gold fields in Northern Minnesota lie some distance from railways, and can be reached only via a chain of lakes and rivers, to navigate which little steamboats are used. In running a steamboat from Rainy Lake River to Rainy Lake recently, a steamboat was compelled to plunge over falls ten feet high. At the last moment the engineer deemed prudence the better part of valor and decided not to make the perilous trip. So the captain fixed a wire running from the pilot house to the engine room and attached it to the steam throttle so he could shut off steam when desired. Then casting off lines and pulling the throttle wide open, with a full head of steam on, he steered into the current leading to the rapids above the falls, which is confined in a narrow gorge and where the water runs with a fearful current.

With the force of the current and the full head of steam the steamboat shot out of the water full length exposing the whole boat bottom, keel, wheel and rudder, and then dropped into the boiling, swirling water below the falls. Then came work for the captain. The mad, tumultous waters were, of course, unknown to him. Hidden rocks were ready to deal destruction to the boat. The current was swift, strong and tortuous, but luckily he guided her safely into quiet water, when steam was applied, and she was soon to the landing below the falls.—Northwest Magazine.

Why She Read Advertisements.

"I study advertisements, and I know where and when and how to purchase the household supplies. My husband used to laugh at me for reading advertisements so carefully, but he has long since learned that I save many dollars every month. I know of no better way to practice economy, and do you know that it is a wonder how soon you learn to detect the real from the false, intuitively, almost? You hear a great deal nowadays about the 'practical pages' of magazines and newspapers, but for me the practical pages are those containing the business announcements of reputable business houses. The housekeeper who takes advantage of the practical hints in those pages shows a great deal more common sense than does the one who tries to furnish a new bedroom cottage with a lot of soap boxes covered with denim worked in fancy stitch, and to feed her growing family with never ending reminiscences of the meal that went before. To the economical housekeeper, advertisements are the most important part of any publication."—Womankind.

The Newspapers in School.

The growing influence of newspapers in school education was illustrated the other day at a conference of the Public Education Association in New York, when Miss Josephine C. Locke, supervisor of drawing in the public schools of Chicago, told how the children are being trained to search the columns of the press in working on topics of a public nature. It should be one of the functions of every school to teach the children how to read a newspaper to the best advantage—and also what newspapers should be read.—Springfield Republican.

DON'T MISS IT.

The Nineteenth Annual Exhibition of the West Virginia State Fair Association.

We desire to impress upon our readers the fact that the nineteenth annual fair and exposition of the West Virginia Association will take place at Wheeling Island the week commencing September 4th, and to assure them that it will be a great advance upon any and all previous displays by this energetic organization. Never before has there been such a demand on the part of the exhibitors, and many applicants have been turned away simply because they could not possibly be accommodated. The attendance, also, will be greater than ever before, as is evidenced in many ways. Excursion rates have been secured on all railroads entering Wheeling or suburban towns, and exceptional facilities will be afforded visitors to the city in reaching the grounds through the electric railway, as all cars will pass by the grounds from the Ohio side as well as from the city. Five cents carries the visitor from the center of the city right to the fair grounds gate, and all heat, dust, walking and general discomfort will thus be avoided.

To California via the Midland Route.

Every Friday night, at 10:35 p. m., a through Tourist Cars for San Francisco, carrying first and second-class passengers, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City (with stopover privileges at Salt Lake City), for all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California.

The Tourist Car berth rate from Chicago to San Francisco is only $6.00, and the sleeping car berths should be reserved a few days in advance of departure of train.

Through tickets and sleeping car accommodations can be secured from any agent in the east, or by applying at the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Depot or City Ticket Offices in Chicago.

Send for our free illustrated California folders. Address Geo H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill., or E G. Hayden, Traveling Passenger Agent, 131 Arcade, Cleveland, O.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs dull, $4 10@$4 85; cattle steady; beeves $4.50@$6.50.

TOLEDO, August 23 —[By Associated Press]—Wheat 72½

CHICAGO.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Close
Wheat.				
Sept	71⅞	72½	71⅞	72⅛
Dec	74⅛	74⅝	74⅛	74¼
May	77⅛	77⅝	77¼	77⅝
Corn.				
Sept.	31	31⅜	31	31⅜
Dec.	28⅜	28¾	28⅜	28¾
Oats.				
Sept.	19⅞	20⅛	19¾	20
Dec	19⅜	19¾	19⅜	19⅝
Pork				
Sept	8 22	8 30	8 22	8 30
Jan	9 50	9 62	9 50	9 62
Lard				
Sept.				5 27

PITTSBURG, Aug. 22.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 70@75c per pair; small, 50@90c; spring chickens, 30@50c, as to size; ducks, 40@50c per pair; turkeys, 8@9c per pound; geese, 7@8c per pound. Dressed chickens—Old, 13@14c per pound; spring, 14@16c; ducks, 13@14c; turkeys, 14@15c; geese, 10@11c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23½c; extra creamery, 22½@23c; Ohio fancy creamery, 19½@20½c; country roll, 14@15c; low grade and cooking, 10@14c.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, new, 10½@11c; three quarters, 9½@10c; New York state, full cream, new, 11@11¼c; Wisconsin, 12@12½c; 25-pound brick, Swiss, 11½@12½c; limburger, new, 10½@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 14@15c; (1c additional for candling).

PITTSBURG, Aug. 22.

CATTLE—Receipts on Monday fair, 130 cars on sale; market active and prices higher on best grades; steady on medium grades, while common grades slow and prices shade lower. Supply today light; market steady. We quote: Extra, $5.70@5.90; prime, $5.80@6.00; good, $5.50@5.50; tidy, $5.00@5.20; fair, $4.40@4.85; good butchers', $4.00@4.50; common, $3.25@4.00; heifers, $3.25@4.75; oxen, $2.50@4.50; bulls and stags, $2.50@4.25; common to good fat cows, $2.25@4.00; good fresh cows, $40.00@50.00; fair, $25.00@35.00; bologna cows, $10.00@20.00.

HOGS—Receipts on Monday fair, about 30 cars; market fairly active; prices a shade lower than last week's closing. Today supply light; market slow. Sales were: Prime mediums and best Yorkers, $5.05@5.10; light Yorkers, $5.00@5.05; heavy hogs, $4.85@4.95; pigs, as to quality, $4.50@4.95; good grassers, $4.80@4.90; common grassers; $4.65@4.75; roughs, $3.90@4.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday fair, 24 cars on sale; market opened steady, but closed weak and lower. Supply today, including holdovers, 6 loads; market dull. We would quote the following prices: Choice wethers, $4.50@4.60; good do, $4.25@4.40; fair mixed, $3.65@4.00; common, $2.00@3.00; choice spring lambs, $5.50@5.75; common to good lambs, $3.25@5.25; veal calves, $7.00@7.25; heavy and thin, $4.00@5.00.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.

WHEAT—Spot market easy; No. 2 red, 77⅞c f. o. b. afloat spot; No. 1 northern Duluth 83⅜c f. o. b. afloat to arrive; No. 1 hard Duluth 8.⅜c spot; No. 2 red, 75⅞c in elevator.

CORN—Spot market easy; No. 2, 38⅜c f. o. b. afloat and 38 c in elevator.

OATS—Spot market dull; No. 2, 26 c; No. 3, 25 c; No 3 white, 27c, track mixed western, 26@26c; track white western and state, 28@34c.

CATTLE—No trading; market nominally steady Cables firm.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull; lambs steady at yesterday's closing prices; 18 cars unsold. Sheep, $3.60@4.25; choice, $4 40; lambs, $4.50@6.00; two cars choice at $6.12½@6.15.

"Never Burn a Candle at Both Ends."

If you do your light will soon be gone and you will be in the dark. Don't think you can go on drawing vitality from the blood for nerves, stomach, brain and muscles without doing something to replace it. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives nerve, mental and digestive strength by enriching and vitalizing the blood. Thus it helps people who are overworked and tired.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating, mild, effective.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa

Costs less than One Cent a cup.

Be sure that the Package bears our Trade-Mark.

A Perfect Food. Pure, Nutritious, Delicious.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited.

Established 1780.

DORCHESTER, MASS.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.

Wheat (new)	65
Wheat (old)	70
Hay, per ton	7 00 to 7 50
Straw, per ton	5 00
Corn	35–37
Oats	20–22
Clover Seed	3 00–3 20
Timothy Seed	1 00 to 1 10
Rye, per bu	40
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 25
Wool	15 to 18

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, (new) per bushel	35–40
Onions, per bushel	50
Beets, per bushel	60
Apples	40–50
Cabbage, per dozen	40
Dried peaches, peeled	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled	04 to 05
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
Onions	65
White beans	1 25

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.

Butter	14–15
Eggs	10
Chickens, live, spring, each	20–30
Chickens, dressed	10
Turkeys, live	08
Turkeys, dressed	14

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Sausage	06
Spare Ribs	06
Backbone	06
Ham	09
Shoulder	05
Lard	05½
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	11

The following are retail prices:

Bran, per 100 lbs	85
Middlings per 100 lbs	90

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, finds his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak eyes had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest blood and nerve remedy, all pain soon left him. It says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it regulates liver and kidney-trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired and ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by Z. T. Baily druggist.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss.

Mary Hamell vs. Jacob Paul, et al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, in the city of Massillon, on the premises, on

Saturday, September 16, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Tract One: Situated in the County of Stark, City of Massillon, and State of Ohio, and being part of out lot 42 in said city, beginning in the north line of lot 994 in said city, five feet eastwardly from the northwest corner of said lot; thence running northwardly along the east line of a thirty-foot alley, 50 feet to a point as a place of beginning; thence northwardly along the said east line of said alley 304.8 feet to the W. & L. E. Railway Company's right of way; thence eastwardly along the south line of the W. & L. E. railway 875 feet; thence south 20 degrees and 15 minutes, east 60½ feet; thence south 22 degrees and 14 minutes, west 161 feet; thence north 84 degrees and 57 minutes, west 318.3 feet to the place of beginning of the property to be partitioned, containing 2.01 acres of land.

Tract Two: Also the following described tract of land, beginning at the northeast corner of lot number 2805 in the City of Massillon; thence northwardly along the west line of a thirty-foot alley, known as Paul alley, 214 feet to the south line of the W. & L. E. railway; thence westwardly along south line of the said W. & L. E. railway 201.6 feet; thence south parallel with Paul alley a distance of 298.5 feet to north line of lot number 2805; thence east and along the north line of said lot number 2805 a distance of 183.5 feet to the place of beginning, containing one acre of land.

Appraised at: Tract One. $3 0 00; Tract Two. $200.00. Total. $500.00.

Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock p. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

Willison & Day, Attorneys.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO } Case No. 13,543
STARK COUNTY } ss.

The Peoples Building & Loan Co. vs. Charles Draband. } Order of Sale

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the City of Canton, on

Saturday, August 26, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark and State of Ohio, and known as and being lot number ninety six (96) in Albright & Webb's out-lots in Perry Township, Stark County, Ohio, according to the plat thereof, as recorded in volume 2, page 89, of the plat records of Stark County, said allotment being now a part of the Second ward of the City of Massillon. Said lot is now known as lot number eighteen hundred and forty-three (1843) of the City of Massillon, according to the new schedule of lots of said City, and the house number is No. 2 Superior Street.

Appraised at $1,000.

Terms:—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

R. W. MCCAUGHEY, Attorney.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss.

Peoples Building and Loan Co. vs. Lizzie Haas et al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, in the City of Massillon on the premises, on

Saturday, September, 23, 1899,

the following described real estate to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and known as and being a part of west fractional section number seven (7) of township ten (10) and range nine of said Stark County, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the west line of North Grant street in said city of Massillon fifty feet from the north line of a 12 foot alley, at the northeast corner of a lot conveyed by Kent Jarvis to Anna Senn by deed dated March 11, 1875, and now owned by John Yost; thence westerly along the north line of said Senn lot one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence northerly parallel with North Grant street fifty (50) feet; thence easterly parallel with the Senn lot one hundred and fifty feet to the east line of North Grant street, and then southerly along said west line of Grant street fifty (50) feet to the place of beginning, and being the same premises conveyed to Lizzie Haas by deed recorded in Volume 299, Page 451 of the Stark County records. Said tract is now known as lot number twenty-eight hundred and eighteen (2818) of the City of Massillon according to the new schedule of the lots of said city, and the house number is 46 North Grant street

Appraised at Nine Hundred ($900) dollars.

Terms, cash.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

R. W. MCCAUGHEY, Attorney.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss.

John Hair vs. Noah Hair et al } Order of Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the Clerk of Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, in the City of Canton, on

Saturday, August 26, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

The one undivided one fifth part of the following described real estate, situated in the County of Stark and State of Ohio, and known as and being the west half of the south-east quarter of Section 21, Township No. 9, (Bethlehem) and range No. 7, containing eighty (80) acres more or less.

Appraised at Thirty-six Hundred ($3,600) Dollars.

TERMS:—One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J ZAISER, Sheriff

Welty & Albaugh, attorneys.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss.

Charles. E. Oberlin vs. Philip Gravius, et. al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the court house, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, August 26, 1899,

the following described real estate to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and described as follows: Known as part of lot 22 in the amicable partition of lands made by W. S. Wetmore, R. S. Fay, and the executors of Amos Binney; also known as out-lot 83 according to the new numbering of the new map and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the east line of Henry street, one hundred and fifty (150) feet south of West Tremont street, thence south along said east line of Henry street seventy-eight and one-half (78½) feet; thence east and parallel with the south line of West Tremont street one hundred and twenty-six (126) feet; thence north parallel with the said east line of Henry street seventy-eight and one-half (78½) feet; thence west and parallel with the said south line of West Tremont street one hundred and twenty-six (126) feet to said east line of Henry street and place of beginning.

Appraised at $600.00.

Terms:—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J ZAISER, Sheriff.

Willison & Day, Attorneys.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss

R. A. Finn vs. Wm. S. Silvers } ORDER OF SALE

By virtue of an order of sale in attachment issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, August 26, 1899,

the following described property, to-wit:

Situate in the Township of Perry, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and known as the leasehold interest of W. S. Silvers, in lands of the following described persons, to-wit: M. J. Snively, 50 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 440; C. E. Jarvis, 165 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 442; N. S. Russell and Russell & Co., 20 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 443; Russell & Co., 165 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 452; McLain & Russell, 79 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 454; George W. Merwin, 12 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 459; Perry E. Doll, 40 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 461; A. Kegler, 80 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 490; E. S. Martin, 14 acres; for more particular description as per lease record Vol. 7, page 492.

All of the said described tracts being in Perry township in the said Stark County, O.

Appraised at: First, $25.00; second, $83.00; third, $50.00; fourth, $83.00; fifth, $83.00; sixth, $5.00; seventh, $20 00; eighth, $70.00; ninth, $5.00; tenth, $40.00; eleventh, $7.00; twelfth, $5.50;

Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

Harter, Kreighbaum & Pinn, Attorneys.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Administratrix of the estate of Thomas Laviers, late of Stark County, O., deceased.

Dated the 28th day of July, 1899.

CLARA M LAVIERS.
Administratrix.

FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured Insanity Prevented by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

Positive cure for all *Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus' Dance.* No Fits or Nervousness after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges only when received. Send to Dr. Kline, Ltd., Bellevue Institute of Medicine, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER.

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains-Central Time

Pullman Sleeping Cars on Nos. 5, 15, 306 and 307. Cars on No. 5 to Chicago, No. 6 to Pittsburgh where connection is made for the East. Parlor Car on Trains Nos. 10 and 11. Dark Faced Type denotes time from 12 noon to 12 midnight. Light faced, from 12 midnight to 12 noon.

Westward.	9	3	15	31	11	307
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM	AM
Pittsb'gh lv.	*7 00	*1 35	*6 30	*5 00	*5 00	*8 00
Beaver Falls "	8 05	2 41	7 30	6 30	5 46	8 46
Columbiana "	.....	3 44	.....	7 43	.....	.....
Leetonia ..... "	9 09	3 51	.....	7 53	.....	.....
Salem ..... "	9 21	4 05	8 34	8 08	6 37	9 37
Alliance { ar.	9 45	4 35	8 55	8 35	6 55	9 55
lv.	9 45	4 40	8 55	8 40	PM	AM
Maximo "	.....	4 56	.....	8 55		
Louisville "	.....	5 08	.....	9 06		
Canton ..... "	10 15	5 24	9 27	9 23		
Massillon..... "	10 27	5 42	9 40	9 40		
Lawrence..... "	.....	5 57	.....	9 52		
Burton City.. "	.....	6 05	.....	10 00		
Orrville..... "	10 48	6 15	10 05	10 10		
Smithville... "	.....	6 25	.....	10 20		
Wooster..... "	11 07	6 34	10 25	10 29		
Shreve..... "	.....	6 50	.....	10 45		
Big Prairie.. "	.....	6 59	.....	10 55		
Lakeville..... "	.....	7 02	.....	10 59		39
Loudonville "	.....	7 16	.....	11 15		AM
Perrysville.. "	.....	7 25	.....	11 22		
Lucas..... "		7 40	.....	11 35		
Mansfield ... "	12 15	7 53	11 30	11 50		6 30
Crestline ar.	12 45	8 25	11 59	12 25		6 55
Bucyrus.....lv.	1 10	PM	12 27	4 03		7 33
Lima ..... "	2 37		1 59	6 10		9 50
Van Wert... "	3 21		2 48	7 05		10 46
Ft. Wayne ar.	4 10		3 40	8 05		11 55
Warsaw.....lv.	5 33		4 50			1 28
Plymouth... "	6 21		5 27			2 10
Valparaiso.. "	7 22		6 22			3 23
Chicago.....ar.	8 45		7 45			5 05
	PM		AM	PM	PM	

Eastward.	20	8	6			
	AM	PM	PM			
Chicago.....lv.	†7 30	*3 05	*11 30			
Valparaiso.. "	9 18	4 30	1 20			
Plymouth..... "	10 32	5 40	2 45			
Warsaw ..... "	11 20	6 20	3 34			
Ft. Wayne ar.	12 35	7 35	5 10			
Van Wert....lv.	1 52	8 41	6 25	32		
Lima ..... "	2 44	9 30	7 20	AM		
Bucyrus ..... "	4 54	11 19	9 32	10 30		
Crestline.. "	5 35	11 55	10 30	†5 20		
Mansfield..... "	6 05	12 20	10 55	5 46		
Lucas..... "	6 20	.....	11 06	5 58		
Perrysville.. "	6 35	.....	11 18	6 12		
Loudonville "	6 44	.....	11 23	6 20		
Lakeville..... "	6 56	.....	11 36	6 32		
Big Prairie.. "	7 00	.....	11 39	6 36		
Shreve..... "	7 10	.....	11 50	6 44		
Wooster ..... "	7 29	1 30	12 08	7 05		
Smithville... "	7 41	.....	12 20	7 15		
Orrville ..... "	7 55	1 51	12 35	7 30		
Burton City.. "	8 03	.....	.....	7 40		
Lawrence..... "	8 10	.....	12 48	7 50		
Massillon..... "	8 25	2 18	1 00	8 05		
Canton ..... "	8 45	2 34	1 22	8 24		
Louisville ... "	9 00	.....	1 40	8 42		
Maximo ..... "	†9 10	.....	1 50	8 54		
Alliance { ar.	9 20	3 10	2 10	9 05		
lv.	9 25	3 10	2 10	9 40	*9 35	*3 45
Salem..... "	10 00	3 34	2 33	10 12	9 53	4 05
Leetonia ..... "	10 12	.....	2 51	10 28	.....	a
Columbiana "	10 20	.....	2 59	10 33		
Beaver Falls "	11 25	4 45	4 10	11 55	10 41	4 51
Pittsb'gh..ar.	12 45	5 50	5 30	1 25	11 30	5 40
	AM	AM	PM	P M	AM	PM

	10	306
	AM	PM
Alliance { ar.	9 35	*3 45
lv.	9 53	4 05
Leetonia ..... "	a	.....
Beaver Falls "	10 41	4 51
Pittsb'gh..ar.	11 30	5 40
	P M	PM

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday. a To let off Cleveland passengers. ‖Meals. †Flag Stop.

At Orrville connection is made with C. A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by **Nos. 6, 8, 32** and for Columbus by **Nos. 4, 6, 9, 15, 29, 31** and **32. Nos. 9** and **15** connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Tiffin and Toledo. **Nos. 4** and **8** connect at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

6-21-99.-C PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. Co.

Schedule in effect May 14th, 1899.

North Bound. Main Line.	2	4	6	8	*18
Standard Time	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Bellaire.....	.....	5 59			.....
Bridgeport.. ..	.....	6 05	1 40	4 25	.....
Uhrichsville ..	4 40	8 10	3 45	6 37	6 25
N Philadelphia	4 58	8 27	4 02	6 56	6 42
Canal Dover....	5 05	8 34	4 09	7 03	6 49
Justus...	5 34	9 03	4 38	7 36	7 18
Massillon.....	5 50	9 18	4 58	7 50	7 32
Canal Fulton...	6 08	9 35	5 09	.....	7 50
Warwick.....	6 15	9 42	5 15	.....	7 57
Sterling	6 37	10 04	5 38	.....	8 12
Seville.....	6 43	10 10	5 44	.....	8 25
Chippewa Lake	6 52	10 18	5 55	.....	8 34
Medina.....	7 05	10 30	6 07	.....	8 46
Lester.....	7 18	10 42	6 19	.....	8 56
Brooklyn	8 04	11 24	7 06	.....	9 39
Cleveland.....	8 20	11 40	7 15	.....	9 55

Lorain Branch.	12	14	16	10
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lester	8 15	10 41	6 20	2 05
Grafton	8 35	10 59	6 38	2 28
Elyria.....	8 51	11 16	6 55	2 40
Lorain.....	9 10	11 30	7 10	2 55

South Bound Main Line	1	3	5	7	17
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Standard Time					
Cleveland.....	7 10	1 00	5 10	.....	6 25
Brooklyn.....	7 20	1 16	5 26	.....	6 41
Lester.....	8 12	2 02	6 22	.....	7 28
Medina.....	8 23	2 11	6 32	.....	7 38
Chippewa Lake	8 34	2 22	6 45	.....	7 50
Seville.....	8 43	2 30	6 55	.....	8 00
Sterling.....	8 49	2 36	7 01	.....	8 06
Warwick.....	9 11	2 58	7 20	.....	8 26
Canal Fulton...	9 18	3 05	7 31	.....	8 33
Massillon.....	9 29	3 28	7 50	6 30	8 51
Justus.....	9 58	3 39	8 06	6 46	9 07
Canal Dover...	10 26	4 09	8 36	7 16	9 36
N Philadelphia	10 23	4 18	8 43	7 23	9 43
Uhrichsville...	10 30	4 35	9 00	7 44	10 00
Bridgeport.....	1 25	7 00	.....	10 00	.....
Bellaire.....		7 15			

Lorain Branch.	11	13	15	9
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Lorain.....	6 15	1 05	4 25	9 45
Elyria.....	6 31	1 20	4 40	10 00
Grafton.....	6 51	1 38	4 56	10 16
Lester.....	7 10	1 57	5 15	10 35

*Sunday only.

Sunday trains between Uhrichsville and Cleveland and Uhrichsville and Lorain at Massillon, southbound, 7:09 a. m., 3:27 p. m. northbound, 7: 4 a. m., 4:56 p. m. Electric cars, Bridgeport to Wheeling, Bellaire and Martins Ferry.

For through tickets or any information, consult any agent or address

M. G. CARREL, G. P. A., Cleveland, O

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.

"B. & O. System."

Taking Effect Oct. 2, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.

	* No. 46	* No. 4.	† No. 6.	* No. 10	† No 8.
Massillon	A. M.	A. 7 30	A 11 30	P 3 30	P. 6 45
Canton ...	5 38	8 35	P 12 01	4 19	7 49
Akron.....	6 22	9 20	1 00	5 15	8 25
Cleveland	8 05	10 20	2 10	6 24	9 25

SOUTH BOUND.

	* No. 1.	† No. 3.	† No. 7.	* No. 5.	* No. 47
Cleveland	A.7 25	A 11 00	P 2 10	P 3 30	P. 6 35
Akron ...	8 42	P12 01	2 55	4 40	7 35
Canton'. .	9 56	1 08	3 35	5 44	8 40
Massillon	10 30	2 10	4 10	6 10	9 20

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

E. W. Busby, Ticket Agt. 40 E. Main St.

THE INDEPENDENT CO. will print you anything you need in the line of job work.

Cleveland, Akron &